MADHYA PRADESH MEDICAL SCIENCE UNIVERSITY, JABALPUR, M.P.

REVISED SYLLABUS FROM JULY 2015 B.Sc. NURSING FOUR YEAR DEGREE COURSE

English

Placements : First year Time: Theory - 60 hrs.

Course Description : The Course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to comprehend spoker and written English (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experiences.

Unit	Content				
I.	•	Review of Grammar			
	•	Remedial study of Grammar			
	•	Building Vocabulary			
	•	Phonetics			
	•	Public Speaking			
II.	•	Read and comprehend prescribed course books			
III.	•	Various forms of composition			
		☐ Letter writing			
		□ Note taking			
		☐ Précis writing			
		□ Nursing notes			
		☐ Anecdotal records			
		☐ Diary writing			
		☐ Reports on health problems etc.			
		□ Resume/CV			
IV.	•	• Spoken English			
		☐ Oral report			
		□ Discussion			
		□ Debate			
		☐ Telephone conversation			
V.	•	Listening Comprehension			
		☐ Media, audio, video, speeches etc.			

Anatomy

Placements : First year Time :Theory - 60 hrs.

Course Description : The Course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of the normal structure of various human body systems and understand the alterations in anatomical structures in disease and practice of nursing.

Unit	Content		
I.	Introduction to Anatomical terms organization of the human body		
	Human Cell structure		
	Tissues-Definition, types, characteristics, classification, location, functions and		
	formation		
	Membranes and glands- classification and structure		
	Alternations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
II.	The Skeletal System		
	Bones –types, structure, Axial & Appendicular Skeleton,		
	Bone formation and growth		
	Description of bones		
	Joints – Classification and structure		
	Alterations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
III.	The Muscular System		
	Types and structure of muscles		
	Muscle group		
	Alterations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
IV.	The Nervous system		
	Structure of neurologia & neurons		
	Somatic Nervous system		
	☐ Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves		
	Autonomic nervous System- sympathetic, parasympathetic		
	☐ Structure, location		

	Alterations in disease			
	Applications and implications in nursing			
V	The Sensory Organs			
	• Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose, tongue, (Auditory and olfactory apparatus)			
	Application in disease			
	Applications and implications in nursing			
VI.	Circulatory and lymphatic system			
	The Circulatory System			
	☐ Blood – Microscopic structure			
	☐ Structure of Heart			
	☐ Structure of blood vessels - Arterial & Venous System,			
	☐ Circulation – systemic, pulmonary, coronary			
	• Lymphatic system			
	☐ Lymphatic vessels and lymph			
	☐ Lymphatic tissues			
	- Thymus gland			
	- Lymph nodes			
	- Spleen			
	- Lymphatic nodules			
	Alterations in disease			
VII.	Applications and implications in nursing The Respiratory System			
	• Structure of the organs of respiration			
	Muscles of respiration: Intercostals and Diaphragm			
	Alterations in disease			
	Applications and implications in nursing			
VIII.	The Digestive System			
	Structure of alimentary tract and accessory organs of digestion			
	Alterations in disease			
	Applications and implications in nursing			
IX.	The Excretory System (Urinary)			
	• Structure of organs of urinary System: Kidney, ureters, urinary bladder, urethra Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing			

X.	The Endocrine System			
	Structure of Pituitary, Pancreas, thyroid, Parathyroid, thymus and adrenal glands			
	Alterations in disease			
	Applications and implications in nursing			
XI.	The Reproductive system			
	Structure of female reproductive organs.			
	Structure of male reproductive organs.			
	Structure of breast			
	Alteration in disease			
	Applications and implications in nursing			

Physiology

Placements : First year Time : Theory - 60 hrs.

Course Description: The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal physiology of various human body systems and understand the alterations in physiology in disease and practice of nursing.

Unit	Content		
I.	Cell Physiology		
	Tissue-formation-repair		
	Membranes & glands – functions		
	Alterations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
II.	Skeletal System		
	Bone formation & Growth		
	Bones – Functions and movements of axial and appendicular skeleton, bone healing		
	Joints and joint movement		
	Alterations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
III.	Muscular System		
	Muscle movements, Muscle tone, Physiology of muscle contraction, levels and		
	maintenance of posture		
	Alterations in disease		
	Applications and implications in nursing		
IV.	Nervous System		
	Functions of Neurolgia & neurons		
	Stimulus & nerve-impulse-definitions and mechanism		
	• Functions of brain, spinal cord, renal and spinal nerves		
	Cerebrospinal fluid-composition, circulation and function		
	Reflex arc, Reflex action and reflexes		
	Autonomic Functions		
	☐ Pain: somatic, visceral, and referred		
	☐ Autonomic learning and biofeedback		

	Alternations in disease			
	Applications and implications in nursing			
V.	Circulatory System			
	 Blood formation, composition, blood groups, blood coagulation 			
	Hemoglobin: Structure, synthesis and breakdown, Variation of molecules,			
	estimation			
	• Functions of Heart, Conduction, Cardiac cycle, circulation - Principles, Control,			
	factors influencing BP and Pulse			
	Alternations in disease			
	Applications and implications in nursing			
VI.	The Respiratory System			
	Functions of respiratory organs			
	Physiology of respiration			
	Pulmonary ventilation, Volume			
	Mechanics of respiration			
	Gaseous exchange in lungs			
	Carriage of oxygen & carbon-dioxide			
	• Exchange of gases in tissues			
	Regulation of respiration			
	Alternations in disease			
	Applications and implications in nursing			
VII	The Digestive system			
	• Functions of organs of digestive tract. Movements of alimentary tract, Digestion in			
	mouth, stomach, small intestines, Large intestines, Absorption of food. Functions of			
	liver, gall bladder and pancreas			
	Metabolism of carbohydrates. Protein and fat			
VIII.	The Excretory System			
	• Functions of kidneys, ureters, urinary bladder & urethra			
	Composition of urine			
	Mechanism of urine formation			
	Functions of skin as excretory organ			
	Regulation of body temperature			
	Fluid and electrolyte balance.			

	Alternations in disease			
	Applications and implications in nursing			
IX	The Sensory Organs			
	• Functions of skin, eye, ear, nose, tongue.			
	Alternations in disease			
	Applications and implications in nursing			
X.	The Endoc	The Endocrine System		
	• Func	tions of Pituitary, pineal body, thymus, Thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas,		
	Supra	arenal, Placenta and ovaries & Testes		
	Alternation	s in disease		
	Application	as and implications in nursing		
XI.	The Reproductive System			
	• Repr	oduction of cells-DNA, Mitosis, Meiosis, spermatogenesis, oogenesis.		
	• Func	tions of female reproductive organs; Functions of breast, female sexual cycle.		
	• Func	tions of male reproductive organs, male functions in reproduction, male fertility		
	syste	m.		
	Alternation	s in disease		
	Application	as and implications in nursing		
XII.	Lymphatic	and Immunological System		
	• Circu	lation of lymph		
	• Imm	unity		
		Formation of T-cells and B cells		
		Types of immune response		
		Antigens		
		Cytokines		
		Antibodies		

Nutrition

Placements : First year Time : Practical - 60 hrs.

Course Description : The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of nutrition of maintenance of optimum health at different stages of life and its application for practice of nursing

Unit	Content		
I.	Introduction		
	• Nutrition:		
	☐ History		
	☐ Concepts		
	Role of nutrition in maintaining health		
	Nutritional problems in India		
	National nutritional policy		
	• Factors affecting food and nutrition: socio-economic, cultural, tradition, production,		
	system of distribution, life style and food habits etc. including changes caused by		
	agriculture, overgrazing, fertilizer pesticide problems, water logging and salinity.		
	Role of food and its medicinal value		
	• Classification of foods,		
	Food standards		
	Elements of nutrition: macro and micro		
	• Calorie, BMR		
II.	Carbohydrates		
	• Classification		
	Caloric value		
	Recommended daily allowances		
	Dietary sources		
	• Functions		
	Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism of carbohydrates		
	Malnutrition: Deficiencies and Over consumption		
III.	Fats		
	• Classification		
	Caloric Value		
	Recommended daily allowances		

	Dietary sources			
	Functions' Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism			
	Malnutrition: Deficiencies and over consumption			
IV.	Proteins			
	Classification			
	Caloric Value			
	Recommended daily allowances			
	Digestion, absorption, metabolism and storage			
	Malnutrition : Deficiencies and over consumption			
V.	Emergency			
	● Unit of Energy – Kcal			
	Energy requirements of different categories of people			
	Measurements of energy			
	Body Mass Index (BMI) and basic metabolism			
	Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) – determination and factors affecting			
VI.	Vitamins			
	• Classification			
	Recommended daily allowances			
	Dietary sources			
	• Functions			
	Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion			
	• Deficiencies			
	Hyper Vitaminosis			
VII.	Minerals			
	• Classification			
	Recommended daily allowances			
	Dietary sources			
	• Functions			
	Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion			
	• Deficiencies			
	Over consumption and toxicity			

VIII.	Water & Electrolytes		
	Water: Daily requirements, regulation of water metabolism, distribution of body		
	water.		
	Electrolytes: Types, sources, composition of body fluids		
	Maintenance of fluid & electrolyte balance		
	Over hydration, dehydration and water intoxication		
	Electrolyte imbalances		
IX.	Cookany mulas and massamentian of mutuiants		
IX.	Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients		
	Principles, methods of cooking and serving		
	☐ Preservation of nutrients		
	Safe food handling – toxicity		
	Storage of food		
	Food preservation, food additives and its principles		
	Prevention of food adulteration Act (PFA)		
	Food standards		
	Preparation of simple beverages and different types of food allowance		
X	Balance Diet		
	• Elements		
	Food Groups		
	Recommended daily allowance		
	Nutritive value of foods		
	Calculation of balanced diet for different categories of people		
	Planning menu		
	Budgeting of food		
	● Introduction to therapeutic diets: Naturopathy – Diet		
XI.	Role of nurse in nutritional programmes		
	World Food Problems		
	National programmes related to nutrition		
	☐ Vitamin A deficiency programme		
	☐ National iodine deficiency disorders (IDD) programme		

	☐ Mid-day meal programme	
	☐ Integrated child development scheme (ICDS)	
•	National and International agencies working towards food/nutrition	
	□ NIPCCD, CARE, FAQ, NIN, CFTRI (Central food technology and research	
	institute) etc.	
•	Assessment of nutritional status	
•	Nutrition education and role of nurse	

Biochemistry

Placements : First year Time : Practical - 30 hrs.

Course Description: The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body and understand the alterations in biochemistry in diseases for practice of nursing.

Unit	Content			
I.	Introduction			
	•	Defin	attion and significances in nursing	
	•	Revie	ew of structure, composition and functions of cell	
	•	Proka	aryote and Eukaryote cell organization	
	•	Micro	oscopy	
II.	Stru	Structure and functions of cell membrane		
	•	Fluid	mosaic model tight junction, Cytoskeleton	
	•	Trans	sport mechanism: diffusion, osmosis, filtration, active channel, sodium pump	
Acid base balance-maintenance & diagnostic test			base balance-maintenance & diagnostic test	
			PH buffers	
III.	Composition and metabolism of Carbohydrates		on and metabolism of Carbohydrates	
	•	Types	s, structure, composition and uses	
			Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides, Oligosaccharides	
	•	Metal	bolism	
			Pathways of glucose:	
			- Glycolysis	
			- Gluconeogenesis : Cori's cycle, Tricarboxylic acid (TCA) cycle	
			- Glycogenolysis	
			- Pentose phosphate pathways (Hexose mono phosphate)	
			Regulation of blood glucose level	
			- Investigations and their interpretations	
IV.	Com	positio	on and metabolism of Lipids	
	•	Types	s, structure, composition and uses of fatty acids	
			Nomenclature, Roles and Prostaglandins	
	•	Metal	bolism of fatty acid	

		Breakdown
		Synthesis
	• M	etabolism of triacylglycerols
	• Cl	nolesterol metabolism
	-	Biosynthesis and its Regulation
	-	Blle Salts and billubin
	-	Vitamin D
	-	Steroid hormones
	• Li	poproteins and their functions:
		VLDLs-IDLs, LDLs and HDLs
		Transport of lipids
		Atherosclerosis
	Investiga	ations and their interpretations
V.	Compos	ition and metabolism of Amino acids and Proteins
	• Ty	pes, structure, composition and uses of Amino acids and proteins
	• M	etabolism of Amino acids and proteins
		Protein synthesis, targeting and glycosylation
		Chromatography
		Electrophoresis
		Sequencing
	• M	etabolism of nitrogen
		Electrophoresis
		Sequencing
	• M	etabolism of Nitrogen
		Fixation and Assimilation
		Urea Cycle
		Hemes and Chlorophylls
	• Er	nzymes and co-enzymes
		Classification
		Properties
		Kinetics and inhibition
		Control
	Investiga	ations and their Interpretations

VI.	Com	nposition of Vitamins and minerals		
	•	Vitami	ns and minerals:	
			Structure	
			Classification	
			Properties	
			Absorption	
			Storage & transportation	
			Normal concentration	
	Inves	stigations	s and their interpretations	
VII.	Imm	une chemistry		
	•	Immun	e response,	
	•	Structure and classification of immunoglobins		
	•	Mechanism of antibody production		
	•	Antigens: HLA typing.		
	•	Free ra	dical and antioxidants	
	•	Special	lised protein: Collagen, Elastin, Karatin, Myosin, Lens Protein.	
	•	Electro	phoretic and Quantitative determination of immunoglobins – ELISA etc.	
	Inves	tigations	s and their Interpretations	

Nursing Foundations

Placements: First year Time: Theory - 265 hrs.

Practical - 650

(200 lab and 450 clinical)

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, Objectives, theories and process of nursing in various Supervised Clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in Supervised Clinical settings.

Unit	Content					
I.	Introduction					
	Concept of Health: Health-Illness continuum					
	Factors influencing health					
	Causes and risk factors for developing illness					
	Body defenses: Immunity and immunization					
	Illness and illness Behaviour:					
	Impact of illness on patient and family					
	Health Care Services: Health Promotion and Prevention, Primary Care, Diagnosis,					
	Treatment, Rehabilitation and Continuing Care					
	Health Care teams					
	• Types of health care agencies:					
	Hospitals: Types, Organisation and Functions					
	Health Promotion and levels of Disease Prevention					
	Primary Health care and its delivery: role of nurse					
II.	Nursing as a Profession					
	Definition and Characteristics of a profession					
	Nursing:					
	☐ Definition, Concepts, Philosophy, Objectives					
	☐ Characteristics, nature and scope of nursing practice					
	☐ Functions of nurse					
	☐ Qualities of a nurse					
	☐ Categories of nursing personnel					
	☐ Nursing as a profession					

			History of Nursing in India		
	•	Values:	Definition, Types		
	Value	es Clarifi	cation and values in professional Nursing: Caring and Advocacy		
	•	Ethics:			
			Definition and Ethical principles		
			Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses		
III.	Hosp	ital adn	nission and discharge		
	•	Admiss	sion to the hospital		
			Unit and its preparation admission bed		
			Admission procedure		
			Special considerations		
			Medico-legal issues		
			Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse		
	•	Dischar	rge from the hospital		
			Types: Planned discharge LAMA and abscond, Referrals and transfer		
			Discharge Planning		
			Discharge procedure		
			Special considerations		
			Medico-legal issues		
			Role and Responsibilities of the nurse		
			Care of the unit after discharge		
IV.	Com	municat	ion and Nurse patient relationship		
	•	Commu	unication: Levels, Elements, Types, Modes, Process, Factors influencing		
		Commu	unication		
			Methods of Effective Communication,		
			- Attending skills		
			- Rapport building skills		
			- Empathy skills		
			Barriers to effective communication,		
	•	Helping	g Relationship (NPR): Dimensions of Helping Relationship, Phases of a		
		helping	relationship		
	•	Commu	unicating effectively with patient, families and team members and maintain		
		effectiv	e human relations with special reference to communicating with vulnerable		

	group (children, woman, physically and mentally challenged and elderly)				
	•	Patient Teaching: Importance, Purposes, Process, role of nurse and integrating			
		teaching in nursing process.			
V	The N	ursing Process			
	Critica	ll thinking and Nursing Judgment			
		Critical Thinking: Thinking and Learning,			
		Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of critical thinking in			
		Nursing			
	Nursi	ng Process Overview: Application in Practice			
		Nursing Process format: INC, current format			
		Assessment			
		- Collection of Data: Types, Sources, Methods			
		- Formulating nursing judgment: Data Interpretation			
		Nursing diagnosis			
		- Identification of client problems			
		- Nursing diagnosis statement			
		- Difference between medical and nursing diagnosis			
		Planning			
		- Establishing Priorities			
		- Establishing Goals and Expected Outcomes,			
		- Selection of intervention: Protocols and standing orders			
		- Writing the nursing care plan			
		Implementation			
		- Implementing the plan of care			
		Evaluation			
		- Outcome of care			
		- Review and Modification			
		Documentation and Reporting			
VII	Docur	nentation and Reporting			
	•	Documentation: Purpose of Recording and reporting			
	•	Communication within the Health Care Team,			
	•	Types of records; ward records medical/nursing records,			
	•	Common record-keeping forms, Computerized documentation			

	•	Guidelines for Reporting: Factual Basis, Accuracy, Completeness Currentness,					
		Orga	nizaiton, confidentiality				
	•	Methods, confidentiality					
	•	Methods of Recording,					
	•	Repor	rting: Transfer reports, Incident reports				
	•	Minin	nizing legal Liability through effective record keeping				
VII	Vital	l signs					
	•	Guid	elines for taking vital signs:				
	•	Body	temperature:				
			Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature,				
			Assessment of body temperature: sites, equipments and technique, special				
			considerations				
			Temperature alterations: Hyperthermia, Heatstrocke, Hypothermia				
			Hot and cold applications				
	•	Pulse:					
			Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics of the pulse, Factors affecting				
			pulse				
			Assessment of pulse: sites, location, equipments and technique, special				
			considerations				
			Alterations in Pulse				
	•	Respi	ration:				
			Physiology and Regulations, mechanics of Breathing Characteristics of the				
			respiration, Factors affecting respiration				
			Assessment of respirations: technique, special considerations				
			Alterations in respiration				
	•	Blood	l pressure:				
			Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics of the blood pressure, Factors				
			affecting blood pressure				
			Assessment of blood pressure: sites, equipments and technique, special				
			considerations				
			Alterations in blood pressure				
	•	Recor	rding of vital signs				

VIII	Healtl	Health Assessment			
	•	Purposes			
	•	Process Health assessment			
			Health history		
			Physical examination:		
			- Methods-Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction		
			- Preparation for examination: patient and unit		
			- General assessment		
			- Assessment of each body system		
			- Recording of health assessment		
IX	Mach	inery, I	Equipment and linen		
	•	Types	: Disposables and reusable – Lines, rubber goods, glass ware, metal, plastics,		
		furnit	ure, machinery		
	•	Introd	uction:		
			Indent		
			Maintenance		
			Inventory		
X	Meeti	ng need	ls of patient		
	•	Basic	needs (Activities of daily living)		
			Providing safe and clean environment:		
			- Physical – environment: Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation,		
			light, Odour, pests control		
			- Reduction of Physical hazards: fire, accidents		
			- Safety devices' Restraints, side rails, airways, trapez etc		
			- Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment		
			Hygiene:		
			- Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice		
			- Hygienic Care: Care of the Skin-Bath and Pressure points, feet and		
			nail, Oral cavity, Hair Care, Eyes, Ears, and Nose		
			o Assessment, Principles, Types, Equipments, procedure,		
			Special considerations		
			- Patient environment: Room Equipment and linen, making patient		
			beds		

	-	Types of beds and bed making
	Coı	mfort:-
	-	Factors Influencing Comfort
	-	Comfort devices
• Physiolo	gical	needs:
	Sle	ep and Rest:
	-	Physiology of sleep
	-	Factors affecting sleep
	-	Promoting Rest and sleep
	-	Sleep Disorders
	Nut	trition :-
	-	Importance
	-	Factors affecting nutritional needs
	-	Assessment of nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure
		and special considerations
		o Oral
		 Enteral: Naso/Orogastric, gastrostomy
	Uı	rinary Elimination
	-	Review of Physiology of Urinary Elimination, Composition and
		characteristics of urine
	-	Factors Influencing urination
	-	Alteration in Urinary Elimination
	-	Types and Collection of urine specimen:
	-	Observation, urine testing
	-	Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments,
		procedures and special considerations
		 Providing urinal/bed pan
		o Condom drainage
		o Perineal care
		o Catheterizaion
		 Care of urinary drainage
		 Care of urinary diversions
		o Bladder irrigation

Bowel Elimination Review of Physiology of Bowel Elimination, Composition and Characteristics of faeces Factors affecting Bowel elimination Alteration in Bowel elimination Types and collection of specimen of faeces: Observation Facilitating bowel elimination: assessment, equipments, procedure and special considerations Passing of Flatus tube 0 Enemas 0 Supporsitory Sitz bath Bowel wash Care of Ostomies ☐ Mobility and Immobility Principles of Body Mechanics Maintenance of normal body Alignment and mobility Factors affecting body Alignment and mobility Hazard associated with immobility Alteration in body Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility: assessment, types, devices used, method and special considerations, rehabilitation aspects Range of motion exercises Maintaining body alignment: Positions Moving Lifting Transferring Walking Restraints □ Oxygenation Review of Cardiovascular and respiratory Physiology Factors Affecting Oxygenation

	Alterations in oxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used,
	procedure and special considerations Maintenance of potent circust
-	Maintenance of patent airway
-	Oxygen administration
-	Suction
-	Inhalations: dry and moist
-	Chest physiotherapy and postural drainage
-	Care of chest drainage
-	Pulse oximetry
-	CPR – Basic life support
-	Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid
-	Base Balances
☐ Fluid,	Electrolyte, and Acid, Base Balances
-	Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid
-	Base Balances
-	Factors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid- Base Balances
-	Alterations in Fluid, Electrolyte – Base Balances
-	Nursing interventions in Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid
-	Base Imbalances: assessment, types, equipment, procedure and
	special considerations
	 Measuring fluid intake and output
	o Correcting fluid, Electrolyte Imbalance:
	- Replacement of Fluids: Oral and Parenteral- Venipuncture,
	regulating IV flow rates, changing IV solutions and tubing Changing
	IV dressing,
-	Administering Blood transfusion
-	Restriction of fluids
Psychosocial 1	Needs
□ Conce	epts of Cultural Diversity, stress and Adaptation, Self-concept,
Sexua	lity, Spiritual Health, coping with loss, death and grieving
☐ Asses	sment of psychosocial needs
□ Nursi	ng interventions for psychosocial needs
-	Assist with coping an adaptation

	- Creating therapeutic environment			
		Recreational and diversional therapies		
XI	Infection control in Clinical settings			
	• Infecti	ion Control		
		Nature of infection		
		Chain of infection transmission		
		Defenses against infection: natural and acquired		
		Hospital acquired infection (Nosocomial infection)		
	• Conce	ept of asepsis: medical asepsis, and surgical asepsis		
	• Isolati	on precaution (Barrier nursing):		
		Hand washing: simple, hand antisepsis and surgical antisepsis (scrub)		
		Isolation: source and protective		
		Personal protecting equipments: types, uses and technique of wearing		
		and removing		
		Decontamination of equipment and unit		
		Transportation of infected patients		
		Standard safety precautions (Universal Precautions)		
		Transmission based precautions		
	• Biome	edical waste management:		
] Importance		
		Types of hospital waste		
		Hazards associated with hospital waste		
		Decontamination hospital waste		
		Segregation and Transportation of disposal		
XII	Administrati	on of Medications		
	• Gener	al Principles/Considerations		
		Purposes of Medication		
		Principles: 5 rights, Special Considerations, Prescriptions, Safety in		
		Administering Medications and Medication Errors		
		Drug forms		
		Routes of administration		
		Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses responsibility		
		Broad classification of drug		

		Therapeutic Effect, Side Effects, Toxic Effects, Idiosyncratic Reactions,
		Allergic Reactions, Drug Tolerance, Drug Interactions,
		Factors Influencing drug Actions,
		Measurement: Metric System, Apothecary System, Household
		Measurements, solutions.
		Converting Measurements Units: Conversion within one system,
		Conversion between systems, Dosage Calculation,
		Terminologies and abbreviation used in prescriptions of medications
•	Oral I	Drugs Administration: Oral, Sublingual and Buccal: Equipment, procedure
•	Paren	iteral
		General principles: decontamination and disposal of syringes and needles
		Types of parenteral therapies
		Types of syringes, needles, canula, and infusion sets
		Protection from Needle stick Injuries: Giving Medications with a safety
		syringes
		Routes of parenteral therapies
		- Intradermal: procedure, special considerations
		- Subcutaneous purpose, site, equipment, procedure, special
		considerations
		- Intramuscular : purpose, site, equipment, procedure, special
		Considerations
		- Advanced techniques: Epidural, intrathecal, intraosseous,
		intraperitonial, intraplural, intraarterial-Role of nurse
•	_	cal Administration: Purposes, site, equipment, procedure, special
	consi	iderations for
		Application to Skin
		Application to mucous membrane
		- Direct application of liquids-gargle and swabbing the throat
		- Insertion of Drug into body cavity: Suppository/medicated packing
		in rectum/vagina
		- Instillations: Ear, Eye, Nasal, Bladder, and Rectal
		- Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginal and Rectal
		- Spraying: Nose and throat

	- Inhalation, Nasal, oral endotracheal/tracheal (steam oxygen and
	medications) – purposes, type, equipment, procedure, special
	considerations
	- Recording and reporting of medications administered
XIII	Meeting needs of Preoperative patients
	Definitions and concept of preoperative Nursing
	Preoperative Phase
	☐ Preparation of patient for surgery
	• Intraoperative
	☐ Operation theatre Set up and environment
	☐ Role of nurse
	☐ Postoperative phase
	☐ Recovery unit
	☐ Post operative unit
	☐ Postoperative care
	• Wounds: types, Classification, wound Healing Process, Factors affecting Wound,
	Complications of Wound Healing
	Surgical asepsis
	• Care of the wound: types, equipments, procedure and special considerations
	☐ Dressings, Suture Care,
	☐ Care of Drainage
	☐ Application of Bandages, Binders, Splints & Slings
	☐ Heat and cold Therapy
XIV	Meeting special needs of the patient
	• Care of patients having alteration in –
	☐ Temperature (hyper and hypothermia); Types, Assessment, Management
	☐ Sensorium (Unconsciousness); Assessment, Management
	☐ Urinary Elimination (retention and incontinence); Assessment, management
	☐ Functioning of sensory organs; (Visual & hearing impairment)
	☐ Assessment of Self-Care ability
	☐ Communication methods and special considerations
	☐ Mobility (physically challenged, cast), assessment of Self-Care ability:
	Communication methods and special considerations

	☐ Mental state (mentally challenged), assessment of Self-Care ability;
	☐ Communication methods and special considerations:
	☐ Respiration (distress); Types, Assessment, management
	☐ Comfort – (Pain)-Nature, Types, factors influencing Pain, Coping,
	Assessment, Management;
	☐ Treatments related to gastrointestinal system: nasogastric suction, gastric
	irrigation, gastric analysis
XV	Care of Terminally ill patient
	☐ Concepts of Loss, Grief, grieving Process
	☐ Signs of clinical death
	☐ Care of dying patient: special considerations
	-Advance directives: euthanasia, will, dying declaration, organ donation etc
	☐ Medico legal issues
	☐ Care of dead body: equipment, procedure and care of unit
	□ Autopsy
	□ Embalming
XVI	Professional Nursing concepts and practices
	• Conceptual and theoretical models of nursing practice: Introduction to models
	holistic model, health belief model, health promotion model etc
	• Introduction to theories in Nursing; Peplau's, Henderson's Orem's, Neuman's,
	Roger's and Roy's
	 Linking theories with nursing process

Nursing Foundation – Practical

Placements : First year Time : Practical - 650 hrs.

(200 lab and 450 clinical)

Course Description: The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Clinical Area: Demonstration Lab, General Medical and surgery ward

Unit	Skills to be developed		
Ι	Hospital Admission and discharge		
	• Admission		
	Prepare unit for new patient		
	Prepare admission bed		
	Performs admission procedure		
	☐ New patient		
	☐ Transfer in		
	Prepare patient records		
	Discharge/Transfer out		
	Gives discharges counseling		
	Perform discharge procedure (Planned discharge, LAMA and abscond, Referrals and		
	transfer)		
	Prepare records of discharge/transfer		
	Dismantle, and disinfect unit and equipment after discharge/transfer		
	Perform Assessment		
	History taking, Nursing diagnosis, problem list, prioritization, Goals & Expected		
	Outcomes, selection of interventions		
	Write nursing care plan		
	Gives care as per the plan		
	Communication		
	Use verbal and non verbal communication techniques		
	Prepare a plan for patient teaching session		

Write patient report

- Change shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports etc.
- Presents patient report

Vital signs

 Measure, Records and interpret alterations in body temperature, pulse respiration and blood pressure

Heath Assessment

- Health history taking
- Perform assessment:
 - □ General
 - ☐ Body systems
- Use various methods of physical examination
- Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction
- Identification of system wise deviations

Prepare Patient's Unit:

- Prepare beds:
 - ☐ Open, closed, occupied, operation, amputation
 - ☐ Cardiac, fracture, burn, Divided, Fowlers, renal bed
- Pain assessment and provision for comfort

Use comfort devices Hygienic care:

- Oral hygiene:
- Baths and care of pressure points
- Hair wash, Pediculosis treatment

Feeding:

- Oral, Enteral, Naso/orogastric, gastrostomy and Parenteral feeding
- Naso-gastric insertion, suction, and irrigation

Assisting patient in urinary elimination

- Provides urinal/bed pan
- Condom drainage
- Perineal care
- Catheterization
- Care of urinary drainage

Bladder irrigation Assisting bowel Elimination:

• In	sertion of Flatus tube	
• Er	emas	
• In	ertion of Suppository	
Bowel v	ash	
Body A	ignment and Mobility:	
	Range of motion exercises	
	Positioning: Recumbent, Lateral (rt/lt), Fowlers, Sims, Lithotomy, Prone,	
	Trendelenburg position	
	Assist patient in Moving, lifting, transferring, walking	
	Restraints	
Oxygen	ndministration	
Collect/a Vomitus	d blood component therapy ssist for collection of specimens for investigations: Urine, sputum, faeces, blood and other body fluids lab tests:	
	rine: sugar, albumin, acetone	
	lood: sugar (with strip/gluco-meter)	
	cold application:	
	d general sitz bath	
	m 801101 m 8110 5 11111	
	nicating and assisting with self-care of visually & hearing impaired patient	
~ ~	nicating and assisting with self-care of visually & hearing impaired patient nicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenge/disturbed patient	S
		S
Recrea	nicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenge/disturbed patient	S
Recrea	nicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenge/disturbed patient onal and diversional therapies	S
Recreate Caring of Infection	nicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenge/disturbed patient conal and diversional therapies f patient with alteration in sensorium	ts
Recreate Caring of Infection	nicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenge/disturbed patient sonal and diversional therapies f patient with alteration in sensorium n control	ts
Recreate Caring of Infection	nicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenge/disturbed patient sonal and diversional therapies f patient with alteration in sensorium n control erform following procedures:	ts
Recreate Caring of Infection	nicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenge/disturbed patient sonal and diversional therapies f patient with alteration in sensorium control erform following procedures: Hand washing techniques	ts
Recreate Caring of Infection • F	nicating and assisting with self-care of mentally challenge/disturbed patient sonal and diversional therapies f patient with alteration in sensorium control erform following procedures: Hand washing techniques Simple, hand antisepsis and surgical antisepsis (scrub)	ts

		Practice Standard safety precautions precautions (Universal precautions)
Dec	ontamina	ation of equipment and unit:
•	Surgic	eal asepsis:
		Sterilization
		Handling sterilized equipment
		Calculate strengths of lotions,
		Prepare lotions
•	Care o	of articles
Pre	and post	operative care:
•	Skin p	reparations of surgery: Local
•	Prepar	ration of post operative unit
•	Pre &	post operative teaching and counseling
•	Pre an	d post operative monitoring
•	Care o	of the wound:
•	Dress	ings, suture Care, care of Drainage, Application of Bandages, Binders,
	Splint	ts & Slings
•	Banda	ging of various body parts
Adı	ninistrati	on medications
•	Admir	nister Medications in different forms and routes
•	Oral, S	Sublingual and Buccal
•	Parent	eral: Intradermal, subcutaneous, Intramuscular etc.
•	Assist	with Intra Venous medications
•	Drug 1	measurements and dose calculations
•	•	ration of lotions and solutions
•		nisters topical applications
•		on of drug into body cavity: Suppository & medicated packing etc.
•		ation of medicines and spray into Ear, Eye, Nose and throat
•	_	ions: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vagina and Rectum
•		tions: dry and moist
Car	e of dying	
•	_	g and packing of dead body
•		eling and supporting grieving relatives
•	Termi	nal care of the unit

Psychology

Placements : First year Time : Theory - 60 hrs.

Course Description: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of fundamentals of psychology and develop an insight into behaviour of self and others, Further it is aimed at helping them to practice the principles of mental hygiene for promoting mental health in nursing practice.

Unit	Content	
I	Introduction	
	History and origin of science of psychology	
	Definitions & Scope of Psychology	
	Relevance to nursing	
	Methods of Psychology	
II	Biology of behaviour	
	 Body mind relationship modulation process in health and illness Genetics and behaviour: Heredity and environment' Brain and behaviour: Nervous system, Neurons and synapse, Association with cortex, Rt and Lt Hemispheres Psychology of Sensations 	
	 Muscular and glandular controls of behaviour Nature of behaviour of an organism/Integrated response 	
III	Cognitive processes	
	• Attention: Types, determinants, Duration & degree, alterations	
	Perception: Meaning, Principles, factors affecting, Errors,	
	• Learning: Nature, Types, learner and learning, factors influencing, laws and theories,	
	process, transfer, study habits	
	 Memory: Meaning, Types, Nature, factors influencing, Development Theories and methods of memorizing and Forgetting 	
	• Thinking: Types and levels, stages of development, Relationship with language and communication	
	• Intelligence: Meaning, classification, uses, theories	
	Aptitude: Concept, types Individual differences and variability	
	Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes	
	Alterations in cognitive processes	
	• Applications	

IV	Motivation and Emotional Processes
	Motivation: Meaning, concepts, Types, Theories, Motives and behaviour, Conflicts
	and frustration, conflict resolution
	Emotions & stress
	☐ Emotion: Definition, components, Changes in emotions, theories, emotional
	adjustments, emotions in health and illness
	☐ Stress: stressors, cycle, effect, adaptation & coping
	Attitude: Meaning, nature, development, factors affecting,
	☐ Behaviour and attitudes
	☐ Attitudinal change
	Psychometric assessments of emotions and attitudes
	Alterations in emotions
	• Application
V	Personality
	Definitions, topography, types, theories
	Psychometric assessments of personality
	Alterations in personality
	• Applications
VI	Development Psychology
	Psychology of people at different ages from infancy to old age
	Psychology of vulnerable individuals – challenged, woken, sick, etc.
	Psychology of groups
VII	 Metal hygiene and mental Health Concepts of mental hygiene and mental health Characteristics of mentally healthy person Warning signs of poor mental health Promotive and preventive mental health strategies and services Ego Defense mechanisms and implications Personal and social adjustments Guidance and counseling Role of nurse
VIII	Psychological assessment & tests
	• Types, development, Characteristics, Principles, Uses, Interpretations and role of
	nurse in psychological assessment

Microbiology

Placements: First year Time: Theory - 60 hrs. (Theory 45+15 lab)

Course Description: This Course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of microbiology and identification various micro-organisms. It also provides opportunity for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

Unit	Content		
I.	Introduction:		
	Importance and relevance to nursing		
	Historical perspective		
	Concepts and terminology		
	Principles of microbiology		
II.	General characteristics of Microbes		
	Structure and classification of microbes		
	Morphological types		
	Size and forms of bacteria		
	• Motility		
	• Colonization		
	Growth and nutrition of microbes		
	☐ Temperature		
	☐ Moisture		
	☐ Blood and body fluids		
	Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms		
	Staining techniques, Gram staining, Acid fast staining, Hanging drop preparation		
	Culture; various medias		
III	Infection Control		
	• Infection: Sources, portals of entry and exit, transmission		
	AsepsisDisinfections; Types and methods		
	Sterilization; types and methods		
	Chemotherapy and antibiotics		
	Standard safety measures		
	 Biomedical waste management Role of Nurse 		

	•]	Hospital acquired infection
	• I	Hospital infection control programme
	[☐ Protocols, collection of samples, preparation of report and status of rate of
		infection in the unit/hospital, nurse's accountability, continuing education etc.
IV	Pathog	genic organisms
	• 1	Micro-organism
	[☐ Cocci-gram positive and gram negative
	Ī	☐ Bacilli-gram positive and gram negative
	Ī	□ Spirochete
	Ī	□ Mycoplasma
	Ī	□ Rickettsiae
	Ī	□ Chalmydiae
	• 7	Viruses
	• I	Fungi-Superficial and Deep mycoses
	• I	Parasites
	• I	Rodents & vectors Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, transmission of infection
]	Identification of disease Producing micro-organisms
	(Collection, handling and transportation of various specimens
V	Immu	nity
	•]	Immunity – Types, classification
	• 1	Antigen and antibody reaction
	•]	Hypersensitivity – kin test
	• 5	Serological test
	•]	lmmunoprophylaxis
	• 7	Vaccines & sera-Types & classification, storage and handling, cold chain
	•]	Immunization for various disease
	•]	Immunization Schedule

Introduction to Computer

Placements : First year Time : Theory – 45 Hrs.

Course Description: This course is designed for students to develop basic understanding of uses of computer and its applications in nursing.

Unit	Content		
I.	Introduction:		
	• Concepts of computers		
	Hardware and software; trends and technology		
	Application of computer in nursing		
II	Introduction to disk operating system		
	□ DOS		
	☐ Windows (all version)		
	Introduction		
	☐ MS-Word		
	☐ MS-Excel with pictorial presentation		
	☐ MS-Access		
	☐ MS-Power Point		
III	Multimedia; types & uses		
	Computer aided teaching & testing		
IV	Use of Internet and: e-mail		
V	Statistical packages: Types and their features		
VI	Hospital Management system: Types and uses		

Sociology

Placements : Second year Time : Theory – 60 Hrs.

Course Description: This course is designed to introduce the concepts of sociology related to community and social institutions in India and its relationship with health, illness and nursing.

Unit	Content	
I.	Introduction:	
1 hrs.	Definition of Sociology	
	Nature and Scope of the discipline	
	Importance and application of Sociology in Nursing	
II.	Individual & Society	
3 hrs.	Social and community	
	Nature of Society	
	Difference between Society and community	
	Process of Socialization and individualization	
	Personal disorganization	
III.	Culture	
3 hrs.	Nature of culture	
	Evolution of culture	
	Diversity and uniformity of culture	
	Biodiversity and its conservation	
	☐ Definition-definition, species and ecosystem diversity	
	☐ Biogeographical classification of India	
	☐ Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social ethical,	
	aesthetic and option values	
	☐ Biodiversity at global, National and local levels, hotspots	
	☐ Threats: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife,man-wildlife conflicts	
	☐ Endangered and endemic species of India	
	☐ Conservation of Biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of	
	biodiversity.	
	Culture and socialization	
	Transcultural society	

	Influence on health and disease		
IV.	Social groups and Processes		
4 hrs.	The meaning and classification of groups		
	Primary & Secondary group		
	• In-group V/s. Out-group, class Tribe, Caste		
	• Economic, Political, Religious groups, Mob, Crowd, Public and audience Interaction		
	& Social Processes		
	Co-Operation, Competition, Conflict		
	Accommodation, Assimilation & Isolation		
V.	Population		
6 hrs	Society and population		
	Population distribution in India. Demographic Characteristics		
	Malthusian theory of Populations		
	Population explosion in India and its impact on health status		
	Family welfare programme		
VI.	Family and Marriage		
5 hrs.	• Family –functions		
	• Types-joint, Nuclear, Blended and extended family:		
	• The modern Family-Changes, Problems-Dowry etc., Welfare Services		
	Changes & legislations on family and marriage in India-marriage acts		
	Marriage: Forms and functions of marriage,		
	Marriage and family problems in India		
	Family, marriage and their influence on health and health practices		
VII.	Social Stratification		
7 hrs	Meaning & types of social stratification		
	The Indian Caste System-origin & features		
	Features of Caste in India today		
	Social Class system and status		
	Social Mobility-Meaning & Types		
	Race as a biological concept, criteria of racial classification		
	Salient features of Primary races-Racism		
	Influence of Class, Caste and Race on health and health practices		
VIII	Types of Communities in India (Rural, Urban and Regional)		

6 hrs	• Features of village community & Characteristics of Indian villages-Panchayat
	system, social dynamics
	Community Development project & Planning
	Changes in Indian Rural life
	Availability of health facilities in rural and its impact on health and health practice
	Urban-Community – features
	• The growth of cities: Urbanization and its impact on health and health practices
	Major Urban problems – Urban slums, Energy problem, water problem
	• Environmental pollution: cause effect, control and prevention.
	Region: Problems and impact on Health
IX	Social Change
4 hrs	Nature and process of social change
	Factors influencing social change: cultural change, cultural lag.
	• Introduction to Theories of social change: Linear, Cyclical, Marxian, Functional
	Resentment and rehabilitation of people, its problems and concern
	Role of nurse-Change agents
X	Social organization and social system
4 hrs	Social organiation: elements, types
	Democratic and authoritarian modes of participation
	Voluntary associations
	Social system: definition and Types of social system
	Role and status as structural elements of social system
	• Inter-relationship of institution
XI	Social Control
2 hrs	Nature and process of social control
	Political, legal, Religious, Educational, Economic, Industrial and technological
	systems, Norms & Values-folkways & Mores customs, Laws and fashion
	Role of nurse
XII	Social Problem
15 hrs	Social disorganization
	• Control & Planning: poverty, housing, illiteracy, food supplies, prostitution, rights of
	women & children, vulnerable groups: Elderly, handicapped, minority groups and
	other marginalized groups, child labour, child abuse, delinquency and crime,

substance abuse, HIV/AIDS.

• Social welfare programmes in India

Role of nurse

Pharmacology

Placements : Second year Time : Theory – 45 Hrs.

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of pharmacodynamics, pharmacoknetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

Unit	Content		
I	Introduct	ion to pharmacology	
3 hrs.	• Defi	initions	
	• Sour	rces	
	• Terr	minology used	
	• Typ	es: Classification	
	• Phai	rmacodynamics: Actions, therapeutic.	
	• Adv	erse, toxic	
	• Phai	rmacokinetics: absorption, distribution, excretion	
	• Rev	iew: Routes and principles of administration of drugs	
	• Indi	an pharmacopoeia: Legal issues	
	• Rati	onal use of drug	
	• Prin	ciples of therapeutics	
II.	Chemothe	Chemotherapy	
	• Phai	rmacology of commonly used:	
6 hrs.		Penicillin	
		Cephlosporms	
		Aminoglycosides	
		Macrolide & Brord Spectrum Antibiotics	
		Sulfonamides	
		Quinolones	
		Antiamoebic	
		Antimalarials	
		Anthelmintics	
		Antiscabies agents	
		Antiviral & Anti-fungal agents	
		Antitubercular durgs	

		Anti leprosy drugs	
		Anticancer drugs	
		Immuno-suppressants	
	Composition, actions, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drugs interactions, side		
	effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
III	Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics, disinfectants and insecticides		
2 hrs.	• Anti	septics; Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug	
	inter	cactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	
	• Disi	nfectants	
	• Inse	cticides	
IV	Drugs act	ing on G.I. system	
2 hrs.	• Anti	ementics	
	• Eme	etics	
	• Purg	gatives	
	• Anta	acids	
	• Cho	linergic	
	• Anti	cholinergics	
	• Flui	d and electrolyte therapy	
	• Anti	diarrhoeals	
	• Hist	amines	
	Compositi	on, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side	
	effects, ad	verse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	
V	Drugs use	d on Respiratory Systems	
2 hrs.	• Pharm	acology of commonly used –	
		Antiasthmatics	
		Muxoltrixa	
		Decongestants	
		Expectorants	
		Expectorants	
		Antitussives	
		Bronchodilators	
		Broncho constrictors	
		Antihistamines	

	Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side			
	effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse			
VI	Drugs used on urinary system			
2 hrs.	Pharmacology of commonly used-			
	☐ Diuretics and antidiuretics			
	☐ Urinary antiseptics			
	☐ Cholinergic and anticholinergics			
	☐ Acidifiers and alkalinizes			
	Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side			
	effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse			
VII	Miscellaneous			
4 hrs.	Drugs used in de-addiction			
	Drug used in CPR and emergency			
	Vitamins and minerals			
	• Immunosuppresants			
	• Antidotes			
	• Antivenom			
	Vaccines and sera			
VIII	Drugs used on skin and mucous membranes			
1 hrs.	Topical applications for skin, eye, ear, nose and buccal cavity Antiprurities			
	Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug			
	interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse			
IX	Drugs acting on nervous system			
8 hrs.	 Basic & applied pharmacology of commonly used: Analgesics and Anaesthetics Analgesics Non steroidal antinflammatory (NSAID) drugs Antipyretics Hypnotics and Sedatives Opioids 			
	- Non-Opiodis			
	- Tranquilizers			
	- General & local anesthetics			
	- Gases: oxygen, nitrous oxide, carbon-dioxide			
	Cholinergic and anti-cholinergics:			

		Muscle relaxants
		Major tranquilizers
		Anti – psychotic
		Antidepressants
		Anticonvulsants
		Adrenergics
		Noradregenics
		Mood stabilizers
		Acetylcoline
		Stimulatns
		Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug
		interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse
X	Cardiov	ascular drugs
5 hrs.	• H	aematinics
	• C	ardiotonics
	• A	nti anginals
	• A	nti-hypertensives & Vasodilators
	• A	nti-arrhythmics
	• Pl	asma expanders
	• C	oagulants & anticoagulants
	• C	oagulants & anticoagulants
	• H	ypolipidemics
	Compos	ition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side
	effects,	adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse
XI		sed for hormonal disorders and supplementations, contraception and medical
4 hrs.		tion of pregnancy sulins & Oral hypoglycemics
	• TI	hyroid supplements and suppressants
	• St	eroids, Anabolics
	• U	terine stimulants and relaxants
	• O	ral contraceptives
	• O	ther estrogen-progesterone preparations
	• C	orticotrophin & Gonadotraopines
	1	

	Adrenaline		
	 Prostaglandins 		
	Calcitonins		
	Calcium salts		
	Calcium regulators		
	Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side		
	effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		
XII	Introduction to Drugs use in alternative systems of medicine:		
6 hrs.	Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani and Siddha etc		

Pathology and Genetics

Section A- Pathology

Placements: Second year

Time: Theory – 45 hours (Pathology 30 & Genetics 15 hrs)

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions and apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

Unit		Content		
Ι	•	Introduction		
3 hrs.		☐ Importance of the study of pathology		
		☐ Definition of terms		
		☐ Methods and techniques		
		☐ Cellular and Tissue changes		
		☐ Infiltration and regeneration		
		☐ Inflammations and Infections		
		☐ Wound healing		
		□ Vascular changes		
	•	Cellular growth, Neoplasm		
		□ Normal and cancer cell		
		☐ Benign and Malignant growths		
		☐ In situ carcinoma		
	•	Disturbance of fluid and electrolyte imbalance		
II	Spec	ecial pathology		
10hrs.	•	Pathological changes in disease conditions of various system:		
(T)	•	Respiratory tract		
5 hrs.		☐ Tuberculosis, Bronchitis, Pleural effusion and pneumonia, Lung abscess,		
(P)		emphysema, bronchiectasis		
		☐ Bronchial asthama, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease & tumours		

•	Cardi	o-vascular system
		Pericardial effusion
		Rheumatic heart disease
		Infective endocarditis, atherosclerosis
		Ischemia, infection & aneurysm
•	Gastr	o Intestinal tract
		Peptic ulcer, typhoid
		Carcinoma of GI tract buccal, Esophageal,
		Gastric & intestinal
•	Liver	, Gall bladder & pancreas
		Hepatitis, Chronic liver abscess, cirrhosis
		Tumours of liver, gall bladder and pancreas
		Cholecystitis
•	Kidne	eys & urinary tract
		Glomerulonephritis, pyelonephritis
		Calculi, renal failure, renal carcinoma & cystitis
•	Male	genital systems
		Cryptorchidism, testicular atrophy
		Prostatic hyperplasia, carcinoma Penis & prostate
•	Fema	le genital system
		Fibroids
		Carcinoma cervix and Endometrium
		Vesicular mole, choriocarcinoma
		Ectopic gestation
		Ovarian cyst & tumour
•	Cane	r Breast
•	Centr	ral Nervous system
		Hydrocephalus, meningitis, encephalitis,
		Vascular disorders – thrombosis, embolism
		Stroke, paraplegia, quadriplegia
		Tumours, meningiomas, gliomas

	•	Metastatic toumour		
	•	Skeletal system		
III	Clin	Bone healing, osteoporosis, ostemyelitis Arthritis & tumours		
1111	Cim	ical Pathology		
	•	Various blood and bone marrow tests in assessment and monitoring of disease		
		conditions		
4 hrs.		☐ Hemoglobin		
(T)		☐ RBC, White cell & platelet counts		
		☐ Bleeding time, clotting time and prothrombine time		
3 hrs.		☐ Blood grouping and cross matching		
(P)		☐ Blood chemistry		
		☐ Blood culture		
		☐ Serological and immunoligical tests		
		☐ Other blood tests		
		☐ Examination of Bone marrow		
		☐ Methods of collection of blood specimen for various clinical pathology,		
		biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal value		
IV	Exai	mination of body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates		
	•	The laboratories tests used in CSF analysis		
2 hrs. (T)	•	Examination of other body cavity fluids, transudates and exudates – sputum, wound		
		discharge etc.		
1 hrs.	•	Analysis of semen-sperm count, motility and morphology and their importance in		
(P)		infertility		
	•	Methods of collection of CSF and other cavity fluids specimen for various clinical		
		pathology, biochemistry, microbiology tests, inference and normal values		
V	Urin	Urine and faeces		
1 hrs.	•	Urine		
(T)		☐ Physical characteristics		
		☐ Analysis		
1 hrs.	•	☐ Culture and sensitivity Faeces		
(P)		☐ Characteristics		
		☐ Stool examination: occult blood, ova, parasite and cyst, reducing		
	•	substance etc. Methods of collection for various tests, inference and normal values		

Section B- Genetics

Placements : Second year Time : Theory – 15 Hrs.

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases.

Unit	Content		
I	Introduction		
3 hrs.	Practical application of genetics in Nursing		
	Impact of genetic conditions on families		
	Review of cellular division mitosis and meiosis		
	Characteristics and structure of genes		
	Chromosomes – Sex determination		
	☐ Chromosomal aberrations patterns of inheritance		
	☐ Multiple allots and blood groups		
	☐ Sex linked inheritance		
	☐ Mechanism of inheritance		
	☐ Errors in transmission (Mutation)		
II	Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and disease		
3 hrs.	Condition affecting the mother: genetic and infections		
	Consanguinity atopy		
	Prenatal nutrition and food allergies.		
	Maternal age		
	Maternal drug therapy		
	Prenatal testing and disgnosis		
	Effect of Radiation, drugs and chemicals		
	Spontaneous abortion		
	Neural tube defects and the role of folic acid in lowering the risks		
	Down syndrome (Trisomy 21)		
III	Genetic testing in the neonates and children		
2 hrs.	 Screening for □ Congenital abnormalities □ Developmental delay □ Dimorphism 		

IV	Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults			
2 hrs.	Cancer genetics – Familial cancer			
	• Inborn errors of metabolism hematological disorder			
	Genetic haemochromatosis			
	 Huntington's disease 			
	• Metal illness			
V	Services related to Genetics			
2 hrs.	• Genetic testing			
	Human genome project			
	• Gene therapy			
	• The Eugenics movement			
	• Genetic counseling			
	Legal and Ethical issues			
	Role of nurse			

Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics) – I

Placements : Second year Time : Theory - 210 hrs.

Practical - 720 hrs.

Course Description: The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Unit	Content			
I	Introduction:			
15	Introduction to medical surgical nursing – Evolution and trends of medical and			
hrs.	surgical nursing			
	• Review of Concepts of Health and illness, Disease – concepts, causations,			
	classification- International Classification of Diseases (ICD – 10 or later version),			
	Acute illness chronic illness & Terminal illness, stages of illness			
	Review of concepts of comprehensive nursing care in medical surgical conditions			
	based on nursing process.			
	Role of nurse, patient and family in care of adult patient			
	Role and responsibilities of a nurse in medical surgical settings:			
	☐ Outpatient department			
	☐ In-patient unit			
	☐ Intensive care unit.			
	☐ Home and community setting			
	Introduction to medical surgical asepsis			
	☐ Inflammation and infection			
	☐ Immunity			
	☐ Wound healing			
	Care of surgical patient			
	☐ Pre-operative			
	☐ Intra operative			
	☐ Post operative			

II	Common	Common signs and symptoms and management				
15	• Flu	Fluid and electrolyte imbalance				
hrs.	• Vo	miting				
	• Dy	spnea and cough, respiratory obstruction				
	• Fever					
	• Sho	ock				
	• Un	consciousness, syncope				
	• Pai	n				
	• Inc	ontinence				
	• Ede	ema				
	• Ag	e related problems-geriatric				
III	Nursing	irsing management of patients (adults including elderly) with respiratory problems				
20	• Re	view of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system				
hrs.	• Nu	ng assessment – History and Physical assessment				
	• Eti	ology, Pathophysilogy, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities				
	anc	l medical, surgical, dietetic & nursing management of adults including elderly				
	wit	h –				
		Upper Respiratory tract infections				
		Bronchitis				
		Asthma				
		Emphysema				
		Atelectasis				
		Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)				
		Bronchiectasis				
		Pneumonia				
		Pulmonary tuberculosis				
		Lung abscess				
		Pleural effusion				
		Cysts and tumours				
		Chest Injuries				
		Respiratory arrest and insufficiency				
		Pulmonary embolism				

	Special therapies, alternative therapies				
	Nursing pr	rocedures			
	Drugs used in treatment of respiratory disorders				
IV	Nursing Management of patient (adults including elderly) with disorders of digestive				
	system				
30	• Rev	iew of anatomy and physiology of digestive system			
hrs.	• Nur	sing assessment-history and physical assessment			
	• Etio	logy, pathophysiology, Clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities			
	and	medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management			
	• Disc	orders of			
		Oral cavity-lips, gums tongue, salivary glands and teeth			
		Oesophague - inflammation, stricture, obstruction, bleeding and tumours			
		Stomach and deudenum hiatus hernia, gastritis, peptic and duodenal ulcer,			
		bleeding, tomours, pyloric stenosis.			
		Small intestinal disorders- inflammation and infection, enteritis,			
		malabsorption, obstruction, tumour and perforation			
		Large intestinal disorders- colitis, inflammation and infection, obstruction and			
		tumour and lump			
		Hernias			
		Appendix-inflammation, mass, abscess, rupture			
		Anal & Rectum; hemorrhoids, fissures, fistulas			
		Peritonitis/acute abdomen			
		Pancreas; inflammation, cyst, abscess and tumours			
		Liver; inflammation, cyst, abscess, cirrhosis, portal hypertension, hepatic			
		failure, tumours			
		Gall Bladder; inflammation, obstruction, stones and tumours			
	Special therapies, alternative therapies				
	Nursing pr	rocedures			
	Drugs used	d in treatment of disorders of digestive system			

V	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with blood and cardio					
	vascular	vascular problems				
30 hrs.	• Review of anatomy and physiology of blood and cardio vascular system,					
	• Nu	rsing Assessment-History and physical assessment				
	• Eti	ology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestation diagnosis, treatment modalities				
	and	d medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of -				
	• Va	scular system				
		Hypertension, hypotension				
		Artheriosclerosis				
		Raynaud's disease				
		Aneurism and peripheral Vascular disorders				
	Heart					
	• Co	ronary artery diseases				
		Ischemic Heart Disease				
		Coronary atherosclerosis				
		Angina pectoris				
		Myocaridal infarction				
	• Va	lvular disorders of the heart				
		Congential and acquired				
		Rehumatic Heart disease				
	• En	docarditis, pericarditis, Myocaridtis				
	• Ca	rdio Myopathies				
	• Ca	rdiac dysrhythmias, Heart Block				
	• Co	ngestive cardiac failure				
		Cor-pulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac temponade				
	• Ca	rdiac emergices and arrest				
	• Ca	rdio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR)				
	• Blo	ood				
		Anaemias				
		Polycythemia				
		Bleeding disorders; clotting factor defects and platelets defects				
		Thalassemia				

	☐ Leukaemias		
	☐ Leukopenias and agranulocytosis		
	☐ Lymphomas		
	☐ Myelomas		
	Special therapies		
	☐ Blood transfusion, safety checks, procedure and requirements, management of		
	adverse transfusion reaction, records for blood transfusion.		
	 Management and counseling of blood donors, phlebotomy procedure, and post 		
	donation management, blood bank functioning and hospital transfusion committee.		
	Bio-safety and waste management in relation to blood transfusion		
	☐ Role of a nurse in Organ donation, retrieval and banking		
	Alternative therapies		
	Nursing procedures		
	Drugs used in treatment of blood and cardio vascular disorders		
VI	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with genito-urinary		
	problems		
10	Review of anatomy and physiology of genito-urinary system		
hrs.	Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment		
	• Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities		
	and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of –		
	• Nephritis		
	Nephrotic syndrome		
	• Nephrosis		
	Renal calculus		
	• Tumours		
	Acute renal failure		
	Chronic renal failure		
	End stage renal disease		
	Dialysis, renal transplant		
	Congenital disorders, urinary infections		
	Benign prostate hypertrophy		
	• Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and urethera - inflammation, infection, stricture,		
	obstruction, tumour, prostrate		

	Special therapies, Alternative therapies						
	Nursing procedures Drug used in treatment of genito urinary disorders						
	Drug used in treatment of genito urinary disorders						
VII	Nursing management of disorders of male (adults including elderly) reproductive						
5 hrs.	system						
	Review of anatomy and physiology of male reproductive system						
	Nursing Assessment-History and physical assessment						
	• Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities						
	and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of disorders of male						
	reproductive system						
	Congenital malformations cryptorchidism						
	Hypospadiasis, Epispadiasis						
	• Infections						
	Testes and adjacent structures						
	• Penis						
	Prostate: inflammation, infection, hypertrophy, tumour						
	Sexual Dysfunction						
	• Contraception						
	Breast; gynecomastia, tumour						
	Climacteric changes, special therapies, alternative therapies						
	Nursing procedures						
	Drugs used in treatment of disorders male reproductive system						
VIII	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with disorders of endocrine						
	system						
10	Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system						
hrs.	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment						
	• Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities						
	and medical, surgical, dietetics and nursing management of -						
	☐ Disorders of thyroid and parathyroid						
	☐ Diabetes mellitus						
	☐ Diabetes insipidus						
	☐ Adrenal tumour						
	☐ Pituitary disorders,						

	Special therapies, alternative therapies					
	Nursing procedure					
	Drug	Drug used in treatment of disorders of endocrine system				
IX	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with disorders of					
	integumentary system					
10	•	Review	of anatomy and physiology of skin and its appendages			
hrs.	•	Nursing	g Assessment-History and physical assessment			
	• Etiology, Pathophysiology, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgic					
		dietetic	s & nursing management of disorders of skin and its appendage –			
			Lesions and abrasions			
			Infection and infestations; Dermatitis			
			Dermatoses; infectious and non infectious "inflammatory dermatoses"			
			Acne Vulgaris			
			Allergies and Eczema			
			Psoriasis			
			Malignant melanoma			
			Alopecia			
		Special	therapies, alternative therapies			
		Nursing	g procedures			
		Drugs u	used in treatment of disorders of Integumentary system			
X	Nurs	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with musculoskeletal				
problems		lems				
15 hrs.	•	Review of anatomy and physiology of musculoskeletal system,				
	•	Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment				
	•	Etiolog	y, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities			
		and me	dical, surgical, dietetics and nursing management of -			
			Muscles, Ligaments and joints-inflammation, infection, trauma			
			Bones inflammation, infection, dislocation, fracture, tumour and trauma			
			Osteomalacia and osteoporosis			
			Arthritis			
			Congenital deformities			
			Spinal column – defects and deformities, tumor, Prolapsed inter vertebral			
			disc, pott's spine			

	☐ Paget's disease
	■ Amputation
	• Prosthesis
	Transplant & replacement surgeries
	Rehabilitation
	• Special therapies,
	 Alternative therapies
	Nursing procedures
	Drugs used in treatment of disorders of cmusculoskeletal system
XI	Nursing management of patient (adult including elderly) with Immunological
	problems
10	Review of Immune system,
hrs.	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment
	Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities
	and medical, surgical, dietetics and nursing management of –
	Immunodeficiency disorder
	Primary immuno deficiency
	Phagocyte dysfunction
	B-cell and T-cell deficiencies
	Secondary immunodeficiency
	Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)
	Incidence of HIV & AIDS
	Epidemiology
	Transmission – prevention of Transmission
	Standard Safety precautions' role of Nurse; Counseling
	Health education and home care consideration
	National AIDS control program – NACO, various national and international
	agencies
	Infection control program
	Rehabilitation
	Special therapies, alternative therapies
	Nursing procedures
	Drugs used in treatment of disorders of immunological system

XII	Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with Communicable					
	Diseases	S				
20 hrs.	• O	 Overview of infectious disease, the infectious process 				
	• N	ursing	g Assessment – History and physical assessment			
	 Epidemiology, infectious process, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment, 					
	pı	reventi	ion and dietics. Control and eradication of common communicable disease –			
]	Tuberculosis			
]	Diarrhoeal diseases			
]	Hepatitis A-E			
]	Herpes			
]	Chickenpox			
]	Smallpox			
]	Typhoid			
]	Meningitis			
]	Gas gangrene			
]	Leprosy			
]	Dengue			
]	Plague			
]	Malaria			
]	Diphtheria			
]	Pertussis			
]	Poliomyelitis			
]	Measles			
]	Mumps			
]	Influenza			
]	Yellow fever			
]	Filariasis			
]	HIV, AIDS			
	Special Infection Special Nursing	Infecti us Dis- therap proce	Tract Infections ion Control measures; Notification, Isolation, Quarantine, Immunization, ease Hospitals ies, alternative therapies idures treatment of Communicable diseases			

XIII	Peri Operative nursing:			
	• Orga	Organisation and Physical set up of the Operation Theatre (OT):		
25		Classifications		
hrs.		O.T. Design		
		Staffing		
		Members of the OT team.		
		Duties and responsibilities of nurse in O.T.		
		Principles of Health and operating room attire		
		Instruments		
		Sutures and suture materials		
		Equipments		
		O.T. tables and sets for common surgical procedures		
		Positions and draping for common surgical procedures		
		Scrubbing procedures		
		Gowning and gloving		
		Preparation of O.T. Sets		
		Monitoring the patient during surgical procedures		
	• Maii	ntenance of therapeutic environment in O.T.		
	• Stan	dard Safety measures		
		Infection control; fumigation, disinfections and sterilization		
		Biomedical waste management		
		Prevention of accidents and hazards in O.T.		
	• And	esthesia		
		Types		
		Methods of administration		
		Effects and stages		
		Equipments		
		Drugs		
		Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR)		
		Pain management techniques		
		Legal Aspects		

Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics) – I Practical

Placements: Second year Time: Practical - 720 Hours

Clinical Areas: General Medical ward (*Respiratory, GI, Endocrine, Renal, Hematology), General Surgical ward (GI, Urinary, CTVS), Cardiology ward, Skin & Communicable diseases ward, orthopaedic ward, Operation Theater.

Unit	Skill to be developed			
I.	Assessment of the patient			
	☐ Taking history			
	☐ Perform general and specific physical examination			
	☐ Identify alterations and deviations			
	Practice medical surgical asepsis-standard safety measures			
	Administer medications			
	☐ Oral, IV, IM, Subcutaneous			
	• IV therapy			
	☐ IV canulation			
	☐ Maintenance and monitoring			
	Oxygen therapy by different methods			
	• Nebulization			
	• Chest physiotherapy			
	Naso gastric feeding			
	Assist in common diagnostic procedure			
	Perform/Asst in therapeutic procedures			
	Blood and component therapy			
	Throat suctioning			
	Collect specimens for common investigations			
	Maintain elimination			
	☐ Catheterisation			
	☐ Bowel wash			
	□ Enema			

	☐ Urinary Drainage
	Maintain Intake, output and documentation
	Counsel and teach related to teach related to specific disease conditions
II	Practice medical surgical asepsis Standard safety measures
	Pre operative preparation of patients
	Post operative care-Receiving patient, assessment, monitoring, care
	• Care of wounds and drainage,
	Suture removal
	Ambulation and exercise
	Naso gastric aspiration
	Care of chest drainage
	Ostomy care
	Gastrostomy
	□ Colostomy
	□ Enterostomy
	Blood and component therapy
	Practice universal precautions
III.	Physical examination of the cardio vascular system Recording and interpreting ECG
	Monitoring of patients
	Preparation and assisting in non-invasive and invasive diagnosis procedures.
	Administer cardiac drugs
	Cardio pulmonary Resuscitation
	Teaching patients and families
	Practice medical and surgical asepsis- Standard safety measures
IV.	Assessment of patients with skin disorders
	Assist in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures
	Administer topical medication
	Practice medical surgical asepsis standard safety measures
	• Use of personal protective equipment (PPE)
	Use of personal protective equipment (PPE)Give medicated baths

V.	Assessment of orthopedic patients
	Assisit in application of plaster cast and removal of cast
	Apply skin traction buck's extension traction.
	Assist in application and removal of prosthesis
	Physiotherapy – Range of motion exercises (ROM), muscle strengthening exercises
	Crutch maneuvering technique.
	Activites of daily living
	Ambulation
	Teach and counsel patients and families
VI	Scrubbing, gowning, gloving
	Identify instruments, suturing materials for common operations
	Disinfection, Carbonization, fumigation of OT
	Preparation of instrument sets for common operations
	Sterilization of sharp and other instruments
	Prepare the OT table depending upon the operation
	Positioning and monitoring of patients
	Endotracheal intubation
	Assisting in minor and major operations
	Handling specimens
	Disposal of waste as per the guideline

Internship

Time: 430 hours (9 weeks)

Areas: ICU, CCU, CARDIAC OT, Neuro ICU, ITU, OT, Burn and plastic Reconstructive surgery, OT Laproscopic ortho-paedic eye ENT

Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills to be developed	Assignments	Assessment Methods
2	 To gain proficiency in ICU nursing Develop advance skill in special procedures used in critical care Unit Identify potential problems and provide accordingly. Skill in setting and handeling ventilator Administer injection 	 Assist in arterial puncture for blood gas analysis. Perform ECG and interpret accordingly. Conduct and analysis of pulse oximetry. Care with artificial airway. Care with artificial intubation. Setting up ventilator. Giving care in ventilator. Drug sheet 	 Article puncture-5 Taking out ECG stripe -5 Tracheal suction -5 For all assigned patients. Oxygen administration by CPAP mask and use Ambu bag. Assessment for all assigned 	 Record book. Checking with supervisor

	 in infusion pump. Record accurately findings and medications. Develop IPR with family members. Acquint with OT technique. 	Observation of special procedure in OT.		
2	 Develop skill in neurological assessment. Give care to the patient with head injury and spinal injury. Care with chest surgery and cranial surgery. 	 Assess neurological status Implement care to head injury and spinal injury patients Drug sheet Pre and postoperative care with neuro surgery patients. 	 Assessment for all assigned patients. Nursing care plan-2 Drug sheet 	Record bookObservation checklist.
2	 Assess the severity of burns. Administer rehydration therapy. Observe reconstructive surgery 	Nursing care		
3	 Identify instruments Assist in OT set Up Supervise sterilization Assist in OT table lay out. Observe immediately after operation. Supervise infection control. 	•	• Assist-5 cases	• Record book

Community Health Nursing – I Theory

Placements: Second year Time: Theory - 90 Hours

Practical – 135 Hours

Course Description : This course is designed for students to appreciate the principles of promotion and maintenance of health.

Unit	Content				
I.	Intr	Introduction			
2 hrs.	•	Community health nursing			
	•	Def	inition, concept and dimensions of health		
	•	Def	inition, scope and importance of environment health		
	•	Nee	ed for public awareness.		
	•	Pro	motion of health		
	•	Mai	intenance of health		
II.	Det	ermin	ants of health		
20 hrs	•	Eug	genics		
	•	Eco	system		
			Concept of an ecosystem		
			Structure and function of an ecosystem		
			Producers, consumers and decomposers		
			Energy flowing the ecosystem		
			Ecological Succession		
			Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids		
			Introduction, types, characteristics features, structure and function of the		
			following ecosystem :-		
			a. Forest ecosystem		
			b. Grassland ecosystem		
			c. Desert ecosystem		
			d. Aquatic ecosystem (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)		
	•	Env	rironment:		
			Physical: Land, Air, light, ventilation, Water, Housing, Mineral resources,		

		Energy resources, Sanitation: disposal of waste, disposal of dead bodies,
		Forestation, Noise, Climate, Communication: Infrastructure facilities and
		Linkages
Γ		Acts regulating the environment: National Pollution Control Board
[Bacterial & viral: Agents, host carriers and immunity
ſ		Arthopods and Rodents
[Environmental ethics: Issues & Possible solutions.
[Climate change: Global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear
		accidents and holocaust.
F	Food	hygiene: Production, preservation, purchases, preparation, consumption
Ā	Acts	regulating food hygiene prevention of food adulteration act, Drugs and
C	cosm	netic act
S	Socio	o-cultural
[Customs, taboos
[Marriage system
[Family structure
[Status of special groups; females, children, Elderly, challenged groups and sick
		persons
I	Life	Style – Equitable use of resources for sustainable life style
I	Hygi	ene
F	Phys	ical activity
[Recreation and sleep
[Sexual life
[Spiritual life philosophy
Γ		Self reliance
[Dietary pattern
[Education
[Occupation
F	Finai	ncial Management
[Income
Γ		Budget
Γ		Purchasing power
Ī		Security

III	Epid	demiology			
10 hrs	•	Defi	nition, concept, aims, scope, uses and terminology used in epidemiology		
	•	Dynamics of disease transmission: epidemiological triad			
	•	Mor	bidity and mortality: measurements		
	•	Leve	els of prevention		
	•	Metl	nods of epidemiology of		
			Descriptive		
			Analytical: Epidemic Investigation		
			Experimental		
IV	Epid	emiol	ogy and nursing management of Common Communicable		
25 hrs	•	Resp	piratory infections		
			Small Pox		
			Chicken Pox		
			Measles		
			Influenza		
			Rubella		
			ARI's & Pneumonia		
			Mumps		
			Diphtheria		
			Whooping cough		
			Meningococcal meningitis		
			Tuberculosis		
			SARS		
	•	Intes	stinal Infections		
			Poliomyelitis		
			Viral Hepatitis		
			Cholera		
			Diarrhoeal diseases		
			Typhoid fever		
			Food poisoning		
			Amoebiasis		
			Hook worm infection		
			Ascariasis		

	Dracunculiasis
• Arth	nropod infections
	Dengue
	Malaria
	Filariasis
• Zoo	onoses
• Vira	al
	Rabies
	Yellow fever
	Japanese encephalitis
	Kyansur forest disease
• Bac	terial
	Brucellosis
	Plague
	Human Salmonellosis
	Anthrax
	Leptospirosis
• Ricl	kettsial diseases
	Rickettsial zoonoses
	Scrub typhus
	Murine typhus
	Tick typhus
	Q fever
• Para	asitic zoonoses
	Taeniasis
	Hydatid disease
	Leishmaniasis
• Surf	face infection
	Trachoma
	Tetanus
	Leprosy
	STD & RTI
	Yaws

	☐ HIV/AIDS					
	Any Other					
V.	Epidemiology and Nursing Management of non Communicable Diseases					
10 hrs	Malnutrition: under nutrition, over nutrition, nutritional deficiencies					
	• Anaemia					
	• Hypertension					
	• Stroke					
	Rheumatic, Heart Disease					
	Coronary Heart Disease					
	• Cancer					
	• Diabetes mellitus					
	• Blindness					
	• Accidents					
	Mental illness					
	• Obesity					
	Iodine Deficiency					
	• Fluorosis					
	• Epilepsy					

VI	De	Demography			
6 hrs	•	Definition, concept and scope			
	•	Metho	ods of collection, analysis and interpretation of demographic data		
	•	Demo	graphic rates an ratios		
VII	Po	pulatio	n and its control		
17 hrs	•	Popul	ation explosion and its impact on social, economic development of individual,		
		societ	y and country		
	•	Popul	ation control:		
			Overall development: Women empowerment, social, economic and		
			educational development		
	•	Limiti	ing family size:		
			Promotion of small family norm		
			Methods: spacing (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc)		
			Terminal: surgical methods		
			Emergency contraception		

Community Health Nursing – I Practical

Placements: Second year Time: Practical - 135 Hours

Areas: Urban and Rural Community

Unit			Skill to be develop			
I.	•	Use Te	chniques of interpersonal relationship			
	•	Identif	ication of health determinants of community			
Urban	•	History	taking			
2	•	Physica	al examination			
weeks	•	Collect	specimen sputum, malaria smear			
	•	Perform	n simple lab tests at centre-blood for Hemoglobin and sugar, urine for			
Rural		albumi	n and sugar			
2	•	Administer vaccines and medications to adults				
weeks	•	Counse	el and teach individual, family and community			
			Nutrition			
			Hygiene			
			Self health monitoring			
			Seeking health services			
			Healthy life style			
			Family welfare methods			
			Health promotion			

Communication & Educational Technology

Placements: Second year Time: Theory - 90 Hours

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students acquire an understanding of the principles and methods of communication and teaching. It helps to develop skill in communicating effectively, maintaining effective interpersonal relations, teaching individuals and groups in clinical, community health and educational settings.

Unit	Content				
I.	Review of Communication process				
5 hrs	Process; elements and channel				
	Facilitators				
	Barriers and methods of overcoming techniques				
II	Interpersonal relations				
5 hrs	Purpose & Types				
	• Phases				
	Barriers & Methods of overcoming				
	Johari Window				
III	Human relations				
5 hrs	Understanding self				
	Social behaviour, motivation, social attitudes				
	Individual and groups				
	Groups & individual				
	Human relations in context of Nursing				
	Group dynamics				
	• Team work				

IV	Guidance & conselling		
	 Definition 		
10 hrs	Purpose, scope and need		
(T)	Basic principles		
	Organization of counseling services		
5 hrs (P)	 Types of conselling approaches 		
(-)	Role and preparation of counselor		
	 Issues for counseling in nursing: students and practitioners 		
	 Counselling process- steps & techniques, tools of counselor 		
	Managing disciplinary problems		
	Management of crisis & referral		
V	Principle of education & teaching learning process		
5 hrs	• Education: meaning, philosophy, aims, functions & principles		
	Nature and characteristics of learning,		
	Principles and maxims of teaching,		
	 Formulating objectives; general and specific 		
	Lesson planning		
	Classroom Management		
VI	thods of teaching		
10 hrs (T)	• Lecture, demonstration, group discussion, seminar, symposium, panel discussion, role		
	play, project, field trip, workshop, exhibition, programmed instruction, computer		
10 hrs (P)	assisted learning, micro teaching, problem based learning, self instructional module		
	and simulation etc.		
	• Clinical teaching methods: case method, nursing round & reports, bedside clinical		
	presentation, conference (individual & group) process recording.		
VII	Educational Media		
10 hrs (T)	• Purposes & types of A.V. Aids, principles and sources etc.		
	• Graphic aids: chalk board, chart, graph, poster, flash cards, flannel graph, bulletin,		
8 hrs (P)	cartoon		
	• Three dimensional aids: objects, specimens, models, puppets		
	• Printed aids: pamphlets & leaflets		
	• Projected aids: slides, overhead projector, films, TV, VCR/VCD, camera,		
	microscope, LCD		

	Audio aids: tape recorder, public address system		
	Computer		
VIII	sessment		
5 hrs	Purpose & scope of evaluation & assessment		
(T)	Criteria for selection of assessment techniques and methods		
7 hrs	• Assessment of knowledge: essay type questions, short answer questions (SAQ),		
(P)	Multiple choice questions (MCQ)		
	• Assessment of skills: observation checklist, practical exam, Viva, Objective		
	structured clinical examination (OSCE)		
	Assessment of Attitudes: Attitude scales		
IX	Information, Education & Communication for heath (IEC)		
5 hrs	Health behaviour & health education		
	Planning for health education		
	Health education with individuals, groups & communities		
	Communicating health messages		
	Methods & media for communicating health messages		
	Using mass media		

Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult including Geriatrics) – II

Placements : Third year Time : Theory - 120 hrs.

Practical - 270 hrs.

Course Description: The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Unit	Content			
Ι	Nursing management of patient with disorders of Ear Nose and Throat.			
	Review of anatomy and physiology of the Ear Nose and Throat			
15	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment			
hrs.	• Etiology, Pathophysiology, Clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities			
	and medical & surgical nursing management of Ear Nose and Throat disorders:			
	☐ External ear : deformities otalgia, foreign bodies, and tumours			
	☐ Middle Ear-Impacted wax, Tympanic membrane perforation, otitis media,			
	otosclerosis, mastoidits, tumours			
	☐ Inner ear-Meniere's Disease, labyrinthitis, ototoxicity, tumours			
	☐ Upper airway infections —			
	Common cold, sinusitis, ethinitis, rhinitis, pharyngitis, tonsilitis and			
	adenoiditis, peritonosilar abscess, laryngitis.			
	Upper respiratory airway - epistaxis,			
	Nasal obstruction, laryngeal obstruction, cancer of the larynx			
	Cancer of the oral cavity.			
	Speech defects and speech therapy			
	• Deafness –			
	Prevention, Control and rehabilitation			
	Hearing Aids, implanted hearing devices			
	Special therapies			
	Nursing procedures			
	Drugs used in treatment of disorders of Ear Nose and throat			
	Role of nurse Communicating with hearing impaired and muteness.			

II	Nursing management of patient with disorders of eye		
15 hrs.	 Review of anatomy and physiology of the eye Nursing Assessment –History and Physical assessment Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of eye disorders: Refractive errors Eyelids-infection, tumours and deformities Conjunctiva-inflammation and infection, bleeding Cornea-inflammation and infection Lens-Cataracts Glaucoma Disorder of the <u>uveal</u> tract, Ocular tumours Disorders of posterior chamber and retina: Retinal and vitreous problems. Retinal detachment Ocular emergencies and their prevention Blindness National blindness control program Eye Banking Eye prostheses and Rehabilitation 		
	Role of a nurse-Communication with visually impaired patient, Eye camps		
	Special therapies		
	Nursing procedures		
	Drugs used in treatment of disorders of eye		
III 16 hrs.	Nursing management of patient with neurological disorders Review of anatomy and physiology of the neurological system Nursing Assessment − History, Physical and neurological assessment and Glasgow coma scale Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of neurological disorders Congenital malformations Headache Spinal Injuries: □ Paraplegia □ Hemiplegia □ Quadraplegia □ Quadraplegia Spinal cord compression-herniation of intervertebral disc Tumors of the brain & spinal cord Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms Infections: □ Meningitis, Encephalitis, Brain abscess, neurocysticercosis Movement disorders □ Chorea □ Seizures □ Epilepsies		

	Cerebro Vascular Accidents (CVA)
	Cranial, Spinal Neuropathies- Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia
	Peripheral Neuropathies; Guillain-Barr'e Syndrome
	Myasthenia gravis
	Multiple sclerosis
	 Degenerative diseases
	Delirium Delirium
	Dementia Dementia
	☐ Alzheimer's disease
	Parkinson's disease
	Management of unconscious patients and patients with stroke
	 Role of the nurse in communicating with patient having neurological deficit
	Role of nurse in long stay facility (institutions) and at home
	• Special therapies
	Nursing procedures
TX 7	Drugs used in treatment of neurological disorders
IV	Nursing management of patients with disorders of female reproductive system
	Review of anatomy and physiology of the female reproductive system
16	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment
hrs.	Breast Self Examination
1118.	• Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities
	and medical & surgical nursing management of disorders of female reproductive
	system
	Congenital abnormalities of female reproductive system
	Sexuality and Reproductive Health
	Sexual Health Assessment
	Menstrual Disorder ;
	Dysmenorrhea, Amenorrhea, Premenstrual Syndrome
	Abnormal Uterine Bleeding; Menorrhagia, Metrorrhagia
	Pelvic Inflammatory Disease-
	Ovarian and fallopian tube disorders; infections, cysts, tumours
	• Uterine and cervical disorders; Endometriosis, polyps, fibroids, Cervical and uterine
	tumours, uterine displacement, Cystocele/Urethrocele/Rectocele
	Vaginal disorders; Infections and Discharges, Fistulas
	Vulvur disorders; Infections, cysts, tumours
	Diseases of breasts; Deformities, Infections, Cysts and Tumours
	Menopause and Hormonal Replacement Therapy
	Infertility
	Contraception; Types, Methods, Risk and effectiveness
	☐ Spacing Methods
	- Barrier methods, Intera Uterine Devices, Hormonal, Post conceptional
	Methods, etc.
	☐ Terminal methods
	- Sterilization
	Emergency Contraception methods
	Abortion – Natural, medical and surgical abortion – MTP Act

	Toxic Shock Syndrome		
	Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence		
	Special therapies		
	Nursing procedures		
	Drugs used in treatment of gynaecological disorders		
	National family welfare programme		
V			
v	• Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissues and various		
10	deformities		
hrs.	Nursing Assessment-History and physical assessment and assessment of burns and		
	fluid an electrolyte loss		
	• Etiology, classification, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment		
	modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of Burns and Re-constrictive		
	and Cosmetic surgery;		
	Type of Re-constructive and cosmetic surgery of burns, congenital deformities,		
	injuries and cosmetic purposes.		
	Role of nurse		
	Legal aspects		
	Rehabilitation		
	• Special therapies		
	☐ Psycho social aspects		
	•		
	Nursing procedures Drugs used in treatment of Burns reconstructive and cosmetic surgery		
VI			
V I	Structure & characteristics of normal & cancer cells		
10	Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment		
hrs.	Prevention, screening, Early detection, Warning signs of cancer This is a series of cancer. This is a series of cancer.		
ms.	• Epidemiology, Etiology, Classification, Pathophysiology, Staging, clinical		
	manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing		
	management of oncological conditions		
	Common malignancies of various body system; Oral, larynx, lung, Stomach and		
	Colon, Liver, Leukemias and lymphomas, Breast, Cervix, Ovary, Uterus, Sarcoma,		
	Brain, Renal, Bladder, Prostate etc		
	Oncological emergiences		
	Modalities of treatment		
	☐ Immunotherapy		
	☐ Chemotherapy		
	☐ Radiotherapy		
	☐ Surgical Interventions		
	☐ Stem cell and bone marrow transplants		
	☐ Gene therapy		
	☐ Other forms of treatment		
	Psychosocial aspects of cancer		
	Rehabilitation		
	Palliative care; symptom and pain management, nutritional support		
	Home care		
	Hospice care		
	• Stomal therapy		
	~		

Special therapy Special therapies – Psycho – Social aspects Nursing procedures Nursing management of patient in EMERGENCY & Disaster situations VII **Disaster Nursing:** Concepts and principles of Disaster Nursing Causes and Types of Disaster: 10 Natural and Man-made hrs. ☐ Earthquakes, Floods, Epidemics, Cyclones ☐ Fire, Explosion, Accidents ☐ Violence, Terrosim; bio-chemical, War Policies related to emergency/disaster management'; International, national, state, institutional • Disaster preparedness: Team, Guidelines, protocols, Equipments, Resources • Coordination and involment of; community, various govt. departments, non-govt. departments, non-govt. organizations and International agencies • Role of nurse: working • Legal Aspects of Disaster Nursing Impact on Health and after effect; Post Traumatic Stress Disorder Rehabilitation; physical, psychosocial, Financial, Relocation Emergency Nursing **Emergency Nursing** Concept, priorities, principles and Scope of emergency nursing • Organization of emergency service: physical setup, staffing equipment and supplies, protocols, Concepts of triage and role of triage nurse. • Coordination and involvement of different departments and facilities Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical Emergency • Principles of emergency management • Common emergencies; • Respiratory Emergencies • Cardiac Emergencies Shock and Haemorrhage Pain • Poly-Trauma, road accidents, crush injuries, wound • Bites Poisoning; Food, Gas, Drugs & chemical poisoning Thermal Emergencies; Heat stroked & Cold injuries • Pediatric Emergencies • Psychiatric Emergencies

• Obstetrical Emergencies

Crisis Intervention

Violence, Abuse, Sexual Assault Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation

	D-1			
	Role of the nurse; communication and Inter personal Relations Madies Level Associates			
	Medico-Legal Aspects;			
VIII	Nursing care of the elderly			
	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment			
	Ageing;			
10	Demography; Myths and realities			
hrs.	Concepts and theories of ageing			
	• Cognitive Aspects of Ageing			
	Normal biological ageing			
	 Age related body systems changes 			
	 Age related body systems changes Psychosocial Aspects of aging 			
	Medications and elderly			
	 Stress & coping in older adults 			
	Common Health Problems & Nursing management;			
	 Common Health Froblems & Nursing management, Cardiovascular, Respiratory, Musculosketetal, 			
	Endocrine, genito-urinary, gastrointestinal			
	Neurological, skin and other Sensory organs			
	■ Neurological, skin and other Sensory organs □ Psychosocial and Sexual			
	☐ Abuse of elderly			
	• Role of nurse for care of elderly: ambulation, nutritional, communicational,			
	psychosocial and spiritual			
	Role of nurse for caregivers of elderly			
	 Role of family and formal and non formal caregivers 			
	 Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures), 			
	 Use of aids and prostnesss (hearing aids, dentures), Legal & Ethical Issues 			
	• Provisions and Programmes for elderly; privileges, community programmes and			
	health services;			
	Home and institutional care			
IX				
	Nursing Assessment – History and Physical assessment			
	• Classification			
10	Principles of critical care nursing			
hrs.	Organization; physical setup, policies, staffing norms,			
	 Protocols, equipment; and supplier 			
	• Special equipments; ventilation, cardiac monitors, defibrillators.			
	• Resuscitation equipments			
	Infection Control Protocols			
	Nursing management of critically ill patient;			
	Monitoring of critically ill patient			
	CPR-Advance cardiac life support			
	 Treatments and procedures 			
	Transitional care			
	Ethical and Legal Aspects			
	 Communication with patient and family 			
	Intensive care records			
	 Crisis Intervention 			
	- Chois med vention			

	Death and Dying – coping with		
	Drugs used in critical care unit		
X	Nursing management of patients adults including elderly with Occupational and		
	Industrial disorders		
8 hrs.	Nursing Assessment-History and Physical assessment		
	 Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical & surgical nursing management of occupational and industrial health disorders 		
	• Role of nurse		
	Special therapies, alternative therapies		
	Nursing procedures		
	Drugs used in treatment of occupational and industrial disorders		

Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult and Geriatrics) – II Practical

Placements: Third year Time: Theory-120 hrs.

Practical-270 hrs. Internship – 430 hrs

Clinical Area: ENT, Ophathalmology, Neurology, Gynacecology, Burn unit, oncology, Critical care

unit, causality/ emergency unit, ICCU.

Unit	Skill to be developed
I.	Perform examination of ear, nose and throat
	Assist with diagnostic procedures
	Assist with therapeutic procedures
	Instillation of drops
	Perform/assist with irrigations.
	Apply ear bandage
	Perform tracheostomy care
	Teach patients and families
II	Perform examination of eye
	Assist with diagnostic procedures
	Assist with therapeutic procedures
	Perform/assist with irrigations
	Apply eye bandage
	Apply eye drops/ointments
	Assist with foreign body removal
	Teach patients and families
III	Perform Neurological
	Examination
	Use Glasgow Coma scale
	Assist with diagnostic procedures
	Assist with therapeutic procedure
	Teach patients & families
	Participate in rehabilitation program

IV	Assist with gynecological Examination
	Assist with diagnostic procedures
	Assist with therapeutic procedures
	Teach patients families
	Teaching self breast examination
	Assist with PAP smear collection
V	Assessment of the burn patient
	☐ Percentage of burns
	☐ Degree of burns
	Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy
	□ Assess
	☐ Calculate
	☐ Replace
	☐ Record intake/output
	Care of Burn wounds
	□ Bathing
	□ Dressing
	Perform active & passive exercise
	Practice medical & surgical asepsis
	Counsel & teach patients and families
	Participate in rehabilitation program
VI	Screen for common cancers – TNM classification
	Assist with diagnostic procedures
	☐ Biopsies
	□ Pap smear
	☐ Bone – marrow aspiration
	Breast examination
	Assist with therapeutic procedures
	Participates in various modalities of treatment
	☐ Bone – marrow aspiration
	Breast examination
	Assist with therapeutic procedures
	Participates in various modalities of treatment

		☐ Chemotherapy
		□ Radiotherapy
		☐ Pain management
		☐ Stoma therapy
		☐ Hormonal therapy
		☐ Immuno therapy
		☐ Gene therapy
		☐ Alternative therapy
	•	Participate in palliative care
	•	Counsel and teach patients families
		☐ Self Breast Examination
		☐ Warning sings
	•	Participate in rehabilitation program
VII	•	Monitoring of patients in ICU
	•	Maintain flow sheet
	•	Care of patients on ventilators
	•	Perform Endotracheal suctions
	•	Demonstrates use of ventilators, cardiac monitors etc.
	•	Collect specimens and interprets ABG analysis
	•	Assist with arterial puncture
	•	Maintain CVP line
	•	Pulse oximetry
	•	COR-ALS
	•	Defibrillators
	•	Pace makers
	•	Bag-mask ventilation
	•	Emergency tray/trolly-crash cart
	•	Administration of drugs
		☐ Infusion pump
		□ Epidural
		☐ Intrathecal
		☐ Intracardiac
	•	Total parenteral therapy

	Chest physiotherapy	
	Perform active & passive exercises	
	Counsel the patient and family in dealing with grieving and	d bereavement
VIII	Practice "triage"	
	Assist with assessment examination, investigations & their	interpretations, in
	emergency and disaster situations	
	Assist in documentations	
	Assist in legal procedures in emergency unit	
	Participate in managing crowd	
	Counsel patient and families in grief and bereavement	

Internship

Time: 430 hours (9 weeks)

Area	Duration (in week)	Objectives	Skills to be developed	Assignments
Medical Ward	2	Provide comprehensive care to	Integrated assess	Assessment clinical performance with rating sale
Surgical Ward	2	patients with medical and surgical conditions including emergencies		
Critical care unit/ICCU	1	Assist with common		
Casualty/E mergency	2	operations		
Operation Theatre (Eye, ENT, Neuro)	2			

Child Health Nursing

Placements: Third year Time: Theory-90 hrs.

Practical-270 hrs.

Internship – 145 hrs

Course Description: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

Unit	Content				
I	Introduction				
1.5	Modern concepts of childcare				
15 hrs.	Internationally accepted rights of the child				
	National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare				
	National programmes related to child health and welfare				
	Agencies related to welfare services to the children				
	• Changing trends in hospital care, preventive, promotive and curative aspects of				
	child health				
	Child morbidity and mortality rates.				
	Differences between an adult and child				
	Hospital environment for a sick child				
	• Impact of hospitalisation on the child and family.				
	Grief and bereavement				
	• The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child				
	Principles of pre and post operative care of infants and children				
	Child health nursing procedures				
II	The healthy child				
20	Principles of growth and development				
20 hrs.	Factors affecting growth & development				
	Growth and development from birth to adolescence				
	• The needs of normal children through the stages of developmental and parental				
	guidance				
	Nutritional needs of children & infants: breast feeding exclusive breast feeding				
	supplementary/artificial feeding and weaning.				

	Baby friendly hospital concept		
	Accidents causes and prevention		
	Value of play and selection of play material		
	• Preventive immunization, immunization programme and cold chain		
	Preventive paediatrics		
	Care of under five & under five clinics/well baby clinics		
III	Nursing care of a neonate		
	Nursing care of a normal newborn/Essential newborn care		
15	Neonatal resuscitation		
hrs.	Nursing management of a low birth weight baby.		
	Kangaroo mother care		
	Nursing management of common neonatal disorders		
	Organization of neonatal unit		
	Identification & nursing management of common congenital malformations.		
IV	Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illnesses (IMNCI)		
10hrs.	Nursing management in common childhood diseases		
	Nutritional deficiency disorders		
20 hrs.	Respiratory disorders and infections		
1115.	Gastrointestinal infections, infestations and congenital disorders		
	Cardio vascular problem : congenital defects and rheumatic fever, rheumatic heart		
	disease		
	Genito-urinary disorders: acute glomerulo nephritis, Nephrotic syndrome, Wilms'		
	tumor, infection and congenital disorders.		
	Neurological infections and disorders: convulsions, epilepsy, meningitis,		
	hydrocephalus, spina-bifida.		
	Hematological disorders: Anemias, thalassemia, ITP, Leukemia, hemophilia		
	Endocrine disorders : Juvenile Diabetes Mellitus		
	Orthopedic disorders: club feet, hip dislocation and fracture.		
	Disorders of skin, eye, and ears		
	Common communicable diseases in children, their identification, nursing		
	management in hospital and home and prevention.		
<u> </u>			

	Child health emergencies: poisoning, foreign bodies, hemorrhage, burns and		
	drowning.		
	Nursing care of infant and children with HIV/AIDS.		
VI	Management of behavioural & social problems in children		
10	Management of common behavioural disorders		
10 hrs.	Management of common psychiatric problems		
	Management of challenged children: Mentally, Physically, & Socially challenged		
	Welfare services for challenged children in India.		
	Child guidance clinics		

Child Health Nursing Practical

Placements: Third year Time: Practical -270 hrs.

(9 Weeks)

Internship – 145 hrs

(3 Weeks)

Clinical Areas : Paediatric Medicine ward, Paediatric surgery ward, Paediatric OPD/Imunization room, Paediatric medicine and surgery ICU, Nursery.

Unit		Skill to be developed		
I	•	Taking Paediatric History		
	Physical examination and assessment of children			
	•	Administer of oral, I/M & IV medicine/fluids		
	•	Calculation of fluid requirements		
	•	Prepare different strengths of I.V. fluids		
	•	Apply restraints		
	•	Administer O ₂ inhalation by different methods		
	•	Give baby bath feed children by katori spoon, etc		
	•	Collect specimens for common investigations		
	•	Assist with common diagnostic procedures		
	•	Teach mothers/parents		
		☐ Malnutrition		
		☐ Oral rehydration therapy		
		☐ Feeding & Weaning		
		☐ Immunization schedule		
		☐ Play therapy		
		☐ Specific Disease conditions		
	•	Calculate, prepare and administer I/V fluids		
	•	Do bowel wash		
	•	Care for ostomies		
		☐ Colostomy Irrigation		
		□ Ureterostomy		
		☐ Gastrostomy		
		□ Enterostomy		

	•	Urinary catheterization and drainage		
	•	Feeding		
		□ Naso-gastric		
		□ Gastrostomy		
		□ Jejunostomy		
	•	Care of surgical wounds		
		□ Dressing		
		☐ Suture removal		
II	•	Assessment of children		
		☐ Health assessment		
		☐ Developmental assessment		
		☐ Immunization		
		☐ Health/ Nutritional Education		
III	•	Care of a baby in incubator/warmer		
	•	Care of a child on ventilator		
	•	Endotracheal suction		
	•	Chest physiotherapy		
	•	Administer fluids with infusion pump		
	•	Total parenteral nutrition		
	•	Photo therapy		
	•	Monitoring of babies		
	•	Cardio Pulmonary resuscitation		

Internship Time: 145 hrs (3 weeks)

internsinp			1 IIIIC • 143 II	is (5 weeks)
Area	Duration (in weeks)	Objective	Skill to be develop	Assessment
Paediatric medicine ward/ICU	1	 Provide comprehensive care to children with medical conditions 	• Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating sale
Paediatric surgery ward/ICU	1	 Provide comprehensive care to children with surgical conditions 	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale
NICU	1	Provide intensive care to neonates	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical performance with rating scale

Mental Health Nursing

Placements: Third year Time: Theory - 90 hrs.

Practical - 270 hrs.

Internship – 95 hrs (2 weeks)

Course Description: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to mental health care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common mental health problems with special emphasis on therapeutic interventions for individuals, family and community.

Unit	Content		
I	Introduction		
	Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health nursing: evolution of mental health		
5 hrs.	services, treatments and nursing practices.		
	Prevalence and incidence of mental health problems and disorders		
	Mental Health Act		
	National Mental health policy vis a vis a National Health Policy		
	National Mental Health programme		
	Mental health team		
	Nature and scope of mental health nursing		
	• Role and functions of mental health nurse in various setting and factors affecting the level		
	of nursing practice		
	Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour		
II.	Principles and concepts of Mental Health Nursing		
	Definition : mental health nursing and terminology used		
5 hrs.	Classification of mental disorders : ICD		
	Review of personality development, defense mechanisms		
	Maladaptive behaviour of individuals and groups; stress, crisis and disaster(s)		
	Etiology; bio-psycho-social factors		
	Psychopathology of mental disorders; review of structure and function of brain, limbic		
	system and abnormal neuro transmission		
	Principles of Mental health nursing		
	Standards of mental health nursing practice		
	Conceptual models and the role of nurse:		

	☐ Existential Model		
	☐ Psycho-analytical models		
	☐ Behavioural model		
	☐ Interpersonal Model		
III	Assessment of mental health status		
	History taking		
8 hrs.	Mental status examination		
	Mini mental status examination		
	Neurological examination: Review		
	• Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI		
	Psychological tests		
	Role and responsibilities of nurse		
IV	Therapeutic communication and nurse-patient relationship		
	• Therapeutic communication : Types, techniques, characteristics		
6 hrs.	• Types of relationship,		
	Ethics and responsibilities		
	• Elements of nurse patient contract		
	Review of technique of IPR - Johari window		
	• Goals, phases, tasks, therapeutic techniques		
	• Therapeutic impasse and its intervention		
V	Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders		
14	Psycho Pharmacology		
hrs.	• Psychological therapies: Therapeutic community, psycho therapy-Individual: psycho-		
	analytical, cognitive and supportive, Family, Group Behavioural, Play, Psycho-drama,		
	Music, Dance, Recreational and Light therapy, Relaxation therapies; Yoga, Meditation,		
	bio feedback		
	Alternative systems of medicine		
	Occupational therapy		
	Physical Therapy: electro convulsive therapy		
	Geriatric considerations		
	Role of nurse in above therapies		

VI Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders 5 hrs. Classification: ICD Etiology, psycho-pathology, types, clinical manifestations, diagnosis Nursing Assessment – History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation VII Nursing management of patient with mood disorders 5 hrs. Mood disorder: Bipolar affective disorders, Mania depression and dysthamia etc. Etiology psycho-pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis. Nursing Assessment-History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation Nursing management of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders VIII 8 hrs. Anxiety disorder, Phobias, Dissociation and Conversion disorder, Obsessive compulsive disorder, compulsive disorder, Somatoform disorders Post traumatic stress disorder Etiology, psycho-pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis Nursing Assessment - History, Physical and mental assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders Geriatric considerations Follow – up and home care and rehabilitation

IX	ursing Management of patient with Substance use disorders				
5 hrs.	• Commonly used psychotropic substance: Classification, form, routes, action,				
	intoxication and withdrawal				
	Etiology of dependence: tolerance, psychological and physical dependence, withdrawal				
	syndrome, diagnosis,				
	Nursing assessment –History, Physical, mental assessment and drug assay				
	• Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction)				
	and nursing management of patients with substance use disorder				
	Geriatric considerations				
	Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation				
X	Nursing management of patient with personality, Sexual and Eating disorders				
4 hrs.	Classification of disorders				
	Etiology, psycho-pathology, characteristics, diagnosis,				
	Nursing Assessment-history, Physical and mental assessment				
	Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Personality, Sexual and				
	Eating disorders				
	Geriatric considerations				
	Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation				
XI	rsing management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency				
	Classification				
6 hrs.	• Etiology, psycho-pathology, characteristics, diagnosis, Nursing Assessment-History,				
	Physical, mental and IQ assessment				
	• Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including mental				
	deficiency				
7777	Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation				
XII	Nursing management of organic brain disorders				
5 h	• Classification: ICD?				
5 hrs.	• Etiology, psycho-pathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis				
	(parkinsons and alzheimers)				
	Nursing assessment – History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment				
	Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic brain disorders				
	Geriatric considerations				

	Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation			

XIII	Psychiatric emergencies and crisis intervention			
6 hrs.	Types of psychiatric emergencies and their management			
	Stress adaptation Model: stress and stressor, coping, resources and mechanism			
	• Grief: Theories of grieving process, principles, techniques of counseling			
	• Types of crisis			
	Crisis Intervention: Principles, Techniques and process			
	Geriatric considerations			
	Role and responsibilities of nurse			
XIV	Legal issues in Mental Health Nursing			
4 hrs.	• The Mental Health Act 1987: Act, Sections, Articles and their implications etc.			
	• Indian Lunacy Act. 1912			
	Rights of mentally ill clients			
	Forensic psychiatry			
	Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking			
	Admission and discharge procedures			
	ole and responsibilities of nurse			
XV	ommunity Mental Health Nursing			
4 hrs.	Development of Community Mental Health Services			
	National Mental Health Programme			
	Institutionalization Versus Deinstitutionalization			
	Model of preventive psychiatry: levels of prevention			
	Mental Health Services available at the primay, secondary, tertiary levels including			
	rehabilitation and Role of nurse			
	Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, national and International			
	• Mental Health nursing issues for special populations: Children, adolescence, Women,			
	Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse, Handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc.			

Mental Health Nursing - Practical

Placements: Third year Time: Practical – 270 hrs (9 weeks)

Fourth year Internship – 95 hrs (2 weeks)

Clinical Areas: Psychiatric OPD, Child Guidance clinic, Inpatient ward, Community psychiatry.

Skill to be develop		
History taking		
• Perform mental status examination (MSE)		
Assist in Psychometric assessment		
Perform Neurological examination		
Observe and assist in therapies		
Teach patients and family members		
History taking		
Assist in psychometric assessment		
Observe and assist in various therapies		
Teach family and significant others		
History taking		
• Perform mental status examination (MES)		
Perform Neurological examination		
Assist in psychometric assessment		
Record therapeutic communication		
Administer medications		
Assist in Electro Convulsive Therapy (ECT)		
Participate in all therapies		
Prepare patients for Activities of Daily living (ADL)		
Conduct admission and discharge counseling		
 Counsel and teach patients and families 		
Conduct case work		
Identify individuals with mental health problems		
Assists in mental health camps and clinics		
Counsel and Teach family members, patients and community		

Internship

Clinical Areas	Duration	Objective	Skill to be developed	Assessment
Psychiatry	2 Weeks	Provide comprehensive	Integrated Practice	Assess clinical
ward		care to patients with		performance with rating
		mental health problems		scale

Time: 95 hrs (2 Weeks)

Nursing Research and Statistics

Placements: Third year Time: Theory - 45 hrs.

Practical - 45 hrs.

Course Description : This course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need based research studies in various setting and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

Unit	Content		
I	Research and research process		
4 hrs.	Introduction and need for nursing research		
	Definition of Research & nursing research		
	Steps of scientific method		
	Characteristics of good research		
	Steps of Research process-overview		
**			
II	Research Problems/Question		
3 hrs.	Identification of problem area		
	Problem statement		
	Criteria of a good research problem.		
	Writing objective		
III	Review of Literature		
3 hrs.	• Location		
	• Sources		
	On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc.		
	• Purposes		
	Method of review		
IV	Research approaches and designs		
4 hrs.	Historical, survey and experimental Qualitative and Quantitative designs		
V	Sampling and data collection		
8 hrs.	Definition of population, sample, Sampling criteria, factors influencing		
	sampling process, types of sampling techniques.		
	Data- why, what, from whom, when and where to collect.		
	Data Collection methods and instruments:		

	☐ Methods of data collection		
	☐ Questioning, interviewing		
	☐ Observations, record analysis and measurement		
	☐ Types of instruments		
	☐ Validity & Reliability of the Instrument		
	☐ Pilot study		
	☐ Data collection procedure		
VI	Analysis of data:		
4 hrs.	Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation,		
	interpretation of data		
VII	Introduction to statistics		
4.	 Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. 		
15 hrs.	 Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data 		
	Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation		
	Normal probability and tests of significance		
	Co-efficient of correlation.		
	Statistical packages and its application		
VIII	Communication and utilization of Research		
4 hrs.	Communication of research findings		
	☐ Verbal report		
	☐ Writing research report		
	☐ Writing scientific article/paper		
	- Critical review of published research		
	- Utilization of research findings		

Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing

Placements: Fourth year Time: Theory - 90 hrs.

Practical - 180 hrs.

Course Description: This course is designed for students to appreciate the concepts and principles of midwifery and obstetrical nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering nursing care to normal and high risk pregnant woman during antenatal, natal and post natal period in hospitals and community settings. It also helps to develop skills in managing normal and high risk neonates and participate in family welfare programme.

Unit	Content		
I	Introduction to midwifery and obstetrical Nursing		
	Introduction to concepts of midwifery and obstetrical nursing		
3 hrs	• Trends in midwifery and obstetrical nursing		
	☐ Historical perspectives and current trends		
	☐ Legal and ethical aspects		
	☐ Pre-conception care and preparing for parenthood		
	Role of nurse in midwifery and obstetrical care.		
	□ National policy and legislation in relation to maternal health and welfare.		
	☐ Maternal, morbidity, mortality and fertility rates.		
	Perinatal, morbidity and mortality rates		
II	Review of anatomy and physiology of female reproductive system and foetal		
	development		
8 hrs.	• Female pelvis-general description of the bones joints, ligaments, planes of the		
	pelvis diameters of the true pelvis, important landmarks, variations in pelvis shape.		
	Female organs of reproduction-external genitalia, internal genital organs and their		
	anatomical relations, musculature-blood-supply, nerves, lymphatics, pelvic cellular		
	tissue, pelvic peritoneum.		
	Physiology of menstrual cycle		
	Human sexuality		
	Foetal development		
	☐ Conception		

			Review of fertilization, implantation (embedding of the ovum), development	
			of the embryo and placenta at term-functions, abnormalities, the foetal sac,	
			amniotic fluid, the umbilical cord,	
			Foetal circulation, foetal skull, bones, sutures and measurements.	
	•	Re	view of Genetics	
III	Asse	essme	ent and management of pregnancy (ante-natal)	
	•	Nor	mal pregnancy	
8 hrs.	•	Phys	siological changes during pregnancy	
			Reproductive system	
			Cardio vascular system	
			Respiratory system	
			Urinary system	
			Gastero intestinal system	
			Metabolic changes	
			Skeletal changes	
			Skin changes	
			Endocrine system	
			Psychological changes	
			Discomforts of pregnancy	
	•	Dia	agnosis of pregnancy	
			Signs	
			Differential diagnosis	
			Confirmatory test	
	•	Ante	e-natal care	
			Objective	
			Assessment	
			- History and physical examination	
			- Antenatal Examination	
			- Signs of previous child-birth	
			☐ Relationship of foetus to uterus and pelvis: Lie, Attitude, Presentation,	
			position	
			☐ Per-vaginal examination.	
	•	Scr	reening and assessment for high risk;	

	Risk approach		
	History and Physical Examination		
	• Modalities of diagnosis; Invasive & Non-Invasive, ultrasonic, cardiotomography,		
	NST,CST		
	Antenatal preparation		
	☐ Antenatal counseling		
	☐ Antenatal exercises		
	☐ Diet		
	☐ Substance use		
	☐ Education for child-birth		
	☐ Husband and families		
	☐ Preparation for safe-confinement		
	☐ Prevention from radiation		
	Psycho-social and cultural aspects of pregnancy		
	☐ Adjustment to pregnancy		
	☐ Unwed mother		
	☐ Single parent		
	☐ Teenage pregnancy		
	☐ Sexual violence		
	• Adoption		
IV	Assessment and management of intra-natal period		
	Physiology of labour, mechanism of labour		
12	 Management of labour First stage 		
hrs.	- Signs and symptoms of onset of labour; normal and abnormal		
	- Duration		
	- Preparation of; □ □ Labour room		
	- Assessment and observation of women in labour; partogram-maternal and		
	foetal monitoring		
	Active management of labour, Induction of labourPain relief and comfort in labour		
	Second stage		
	☐ Signs and symptoms; normal and abnormal		
	Duration		
	Conduct of delivery; Principles and techniquesEpisiotomy (only if required)		

	☐ Receiving the new born	
	- Neonatal resuscitation; initial steps and subsequent resuscitation	
	- Care of umbilical cord	
	- Immediate assessment including screening for congenital anomalies	
	- Identification	
	BondingInitiate feeding	
	Screening and transportation of the neonate	
	Third stage	
	☐ Signs and symptoms; normal and abnormal	
	☐ Duration	
	☐ Method of placental expulsion	
	Management; Principles and technique	
	Examination of the placenta	
	Examination of perineum	
	Maintaining records and reportsFourth Stage	
V	Assessment and management of women during post natal period	
5 hrs.	Normal puerperium; Physiology, Duration	
	Postnatal assessment and management Promoting physical and amotional wall being	
	Promoting physical and emotional well-beingLactation management	
	☐ Immunization	
	Family dynamics after child-birth.	
	 Family welfare services; methods, counseling 	
	• Follow-up	
	Records and reports	
VI	Assessment and management of normal neonates	
6 hrs.	• Normal neonate;	
	☐ Physiological adaptation;	
	☐ Initial & Daily assessment	
	☐ Essential newborn care; Thermal control,	
	☐ Breast feeding, presentation of infections	
	• Immunization	
	 Minor disorders of newborn and its management 	
	• Levels of neonatal care (level I, II, & III)	
	At primary, secondary and tertiary levels	
	Maintenance of Reports and Records	

VII	High – risk pregnancy – assessment & management			
	Screening and assessment			
10	☐ Ultrasonic, cardiotomography, NST, CST, non-invasive & invasive,			
hrs.	☐ Newer modalities of diagnosis			
	High-risk approach			
	Levels of care; primary, secondary and tertiary levels			
	Disorders of pregnancy			
	☐ Hyper-emesis gravidarum, bleeding in early pregnancy, abortion, ectopic			
	Pregnancy, vesicular mole,			
	☐ Ante-partum haemorrage.			
	Uterine abnormality and displacement.			
	Diseases complicating pregnancy			
	☐ Medical and surgical conditions			
	☐ Infections, RTI (STD), UTI, HIV, TORCH			
	☐ Gynecological diseases complicating pregnancy			
	☐ Pregnancy induced hypertension & diabetes,			
	☐ Rh incompatibility			
	☐ Mental disorders			
	Adolescent pregnancy, elderly primi and grand multipara			
	Multiple pregnancy			
	Abnormalities of placenta & cord			
	Intra-uterine growth-retardation			
	Nursing management of mothers with high-risk pregnancy			
	Maintenance of records and report			
VIII	Abnormal Labour-assessment and management			
	Disorders in labour			
10	☐ CPD and contracted pelvis			
hrs.	☐ Malpositions and malpresentations			
	☐ Premature labour, disorders of uterine actions-precipitate labour, prolonged			
	labour			
	☐ Complications of third stage: injuries to birth canal			
	Obstetrical emergencies and their management;			

	☐ Presentation and prolapsed of cord, Vasa praevia, amniotic fluid embolism,		
	rupture of uterus, shoulder dystocia, obstetrical shock		
	Obstetrical procedures and operations;		
	☐ Induction of labour, forceps, vacuum, version, manual removal of placenta,		
	caesarean section, destructive operations		
	Nursing management of women undergoing Obstetrical operations and procedures		
IX	Abnormalities during Postnatal Periods		
	Assessment and management of woman with postnatal complications		
4 hrs.	☐ Puerperal infections, breast engorgement & infections,UTI, thrombo-Embolic		
	disorders, post - partum hemorrhage, Eclampsia and subinvolution.		
	☐ Psychological complications:		
	- Post partum Blues		
	- Post partum Depression		
	- Post partum Psychosis		
X	Assessment and management of High risk newborn		
	• Admission of neonates in the neonatal intensive care unit – protocols		
10	• Nursing management of :		
hrs.	- Low birth weight babies		
	- Infections		
	- Respiratory problems		
	- Hemolytic disorders		
	- Birth injuries		
	- Malformations		
	Monitoring of high risk neonates		
	Feeding of high risk neonates		
	Organisation and management of neonatal intensive care units		
	Infection control in neonatal intensive care units		
	Maintenance of reports and records		
XI	Pharmaco-therapeutics in obstetrics		
4 hrs.	Indication, dosage, action, contra-indication and side effects of drugs		
	Effect of drugs on pregnancy, labour & puerperium,		
	• Nursing responsibilities in the administration of drug in obstetrics – Oxytocins,		

	antihypertensives, diuretics, tocolytic agents, anticonvulsatnts,		
	Analgesics and anesthetics in obstetrics.		
	Effects of maternal medication on foetus and neonate		
XII	Family Welfare programme		
10	Population trends and problems in India		
10 hrs.	Concepts, aims, importance and history of family welfare programme		
	National Population : dynamics, policy and education		
	National family welfare programme; RCH, ICDS, MCH. Safe motherhood		
	Organization and administration; at national, state, district, block and village		
	levels		
	Methods of contraception; spacing, temporary and permanent, Emergency		
	contraception		
	Infertility and its management		
	Counseling for family welfare		
	Latest research in contraception		
	Maintenance of vital statistics		
	Role of national, international and voluntary organizations		
	Role of a nurse in family welfare programme		
	Training/supervision/Collaboration with other functionaries in community like		
	ANMs. LHVs. Anganwadi workers, TBAs (Traditional birth attendant Dai)		

Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing Practical

Placements: Fourth year Time: Practical – 180 hrs

Internship - 420 hrs.

Clinical Areas: Antenatal clinic/OPD, Antenatal wards Labour room O.T., Post natal ward, Newborn

nursery, Family planning clinic, MCH Clinic.

Unit	Skills to be developed		
Ι	Antenatal history taking		
	Physical examination		
	• Recording of Weight & B.P.		
	Hb & Urine testing for sugar and albumin		
	Antenatal examination abdomen and breast		
	Immunization		
	Assessment of risk status		
	Teaching antenatal mothers		
	Maintenance of Antenatal records		
II	Assessment of Woman in labour		
	Pervaginal examinations and interpretation		
	Monitoring and caring of woman in labour		
	Maintenance of partograph		
	Conduct normal delivery		
	New born assessment and immediate care		
	Resuscitation of newborns		
	Assessment of risk status of newborn		
	Episiotomy and suturing		
	Maintenance of labour and birth records		
	Arrange for and assist with caesarean section and care for woman & baby during		
	Caesarean		
	Arrange for and assist with MTP and other surgical procedures		
III	Examination and assessment of mother and Baby		
	Identification of deviations		
	Care of postnatal mother and baby		

	Perineal care			
	Lactation management			
	Breast feeding			
	Baby bath			
	 Immunization 			
	Teaching postnatal mother:			
	☐ Mother craft			
	☐ Post natal care & Exercises			
	☐ Immunization			
IV	Newborn assessment			
	Admission of neonates			
	• Feeding of at risk neonates			
	☐ Katori spoon, paladi, tube feeding, total parenteral nutrition			
	• Thermal management of neonates-kangaroo mother care, care of baby in incubator			
	 Monitoring and care of neonates 			
	Administering medications			
	• Intravenous therapy			
	Assisting with diagnostic procedure			
	Assisting with exchange transfusion			
	Care of baby on ventilator			
	 Phototherapy 			
	Infection control protocols in the nursery			
	Teaching and couselling of parents			
	Maintenance of neonatal records			
V	Counselling techniques			
	• Insertion of IUD			
	Teaching on use of family planning methods			
	 Arrange for and assist with family planning operations 			
	Maintenance of record and reports			

st Essential Requirements for registration as midwife

♦	Antenatal examination	30
♦	Conducting normal deliveries in hospital/home/health centre	20
♦	Vaginal examination	5
♦	Episiotomy and suturing	5
♦	Neonatal resuscitation	5
♦	Assist with Caesarean Section	2
♦	Withness/Assist abnormal deliveries	5
♦	Postnatal cases nursed in hopsital/home/health centre	20
♦	Insertion of IUD	5

Note: All casebooks must be certified by teacher on completion of essential requirements.

Internship Obstetrical Nursing

Internship Duration – 9 weeks (420 hours)

Area	Duration	Objective	Skills	Assignment	Assessment methods
	(In Weeks)				
Labour ward	3	• Provide comprehensive care to mothers and neonates	Integrate	• Completion of other essential requirement	Assess clinical performance with rating scale
Neonatal intensive care unit/NICU	2			Case book recording	Completion of case book recording
Antenatal	2				
Postnatal	2				

Community Health Nursing - II

Placements: Fourth year Time: Theory - 90 hrs.

Practical - 135 hrs.

Course Description: This course is designed for students to practice community health nursing for the individual, family and groups at both urban and rural settings by using concepts and principels of health and community health nursing.

Unit	Content
Ι	Introduction
4 hrs.	Definition, concept & scope of Community Health and Community Health
	Nursing.
	Historical development of
	☐ Community health
	☐ Community health Nursing
	- Pre-independence
	- Post-independence
II	Health planning and policies and problems
6 hrs.	National health planning in India Five Year Plans
	Various communities and commissions on health and family welfare
	☐ Central Council for Health and family welfare (CCH and FW)
	☐ National health policies (1983, 2002)
	☐ National population policy
	Health problems in India
	Environmental pollution: Cause, effects and control measures
	Acts related to environmental health
	☐ Environment protection act
	☐ Air (prevention and control of pollution) Act
	☐ Water (prevention and control of pollution) Act
	☐ Wild life protection act
	☐ Forest conservation act
	☐ Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation

III	Delivery of community health services
15	• Planning, budgeting and material management of SCs, PHC and, CHC
hrs.	• Rural: Organization staffing and functions of rural health services provided by
	government at:
	□ Village
	Subcentre
	☐ Primary health centre
	☐ Community health centre/sub divisional
	☐ Hospitals
	☐ District
	□ State
	☐ Centre
	• Urban: Organization, staffing and functions of urban health services provided by
	government at:
	Slums
	Dispensaries
	☐ Maternal and child health centers
	☐ Special Clinics
	☐ Hospitals
	☐ Corporation/Municipality/ Board
	 Components of health services
	☐ Environmental sanitation – causes, effects and control measures of urban waste.
	☐ Health education
	☐ Vital statistics
	☐ M.C.H. antenatal, natal, postnatal, MTP Act, female foeticide act, child
	adoption act.
	☐ Family welfare
	☐ National health programmes
	☐ School health services
	☐ Occupational health – solid waste management, cause effect and control
	measures.
	☐ Defense services

		☐ Institutional services
	•	Systems of medicine and health care
		☐ Allopathy
		☐ Indian system of Medicine and Homeopathy
		☐ Alternative health care systems like yoga, meditation, social and spiritual
		healing etc.
	•	Referral system
IV		mmunity health nursing approaches, concepts and roles and responsibilities of rsing personnel
25	•	Approaches
hrs.		Nursing theories and nursing process
		□ Epidemiological approach□ Problems solving approach
		☐ Evidence based approach
		☐ Empowering people to care for themselves
	•	Concepts of Primary Health Care:
		☐ Equitable distribution
		☐ Community participation
		☐ Focus on prevention
		☐ Use of appropriate technology
		☐ Multi-sectoral approach
	•	Roles and responsibilities of Community health nursing personnel in –
		·
		·
		-
		☐ National Health Programmes
		☐ Environmental sanitation
		☐ Maternal and child health and Family welfare
		<u>=</u>
	•	
	•	
	•	
	•	 □ Family health services □ Information Education communication (IEC) - Role in environment and health. □ Management Information System (MIS): Maintenance of Records & reports □ Training and supervision of various categories of health workers □ National Health Programmes □ Environmental sanitation □ Maternal and child health and Family welfare

V	Assist	ing individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health
	•	Empowerment for self care of individuals, families and groups in-
15	A- Ass	sessment of self and family
hrs.		Monitoring growth and development
	-	Mile stones
	-	Weight measurement
	-	Social development
		Temperature and Blood pressure monitoring
		Menstrual cycle
		Breast self examination and testicles examination
		Warning Sign of various diseases
		Tests: Urine for sugar and albumin, blood sugar
	B. See	k health services for
		Routine checkup
		Immunization
		Counseling
		Diagnosis
		Treatment
		Follow up
	C. Ma	intenance of health records for self and family
	D. Co	ntinue medical care and follow up in community for various diseases and
	disa	abilities.
	E. Ca	rryout therapeutic procedures as prescribed/required for self and family
	F. Wa	ste Management
	•	Collection and disposable of waste at home and community
	G. Ser	nsitize and handle social issues affecting health and development for self and
	family	
	•	Women Empowerment, Women and child welfare
	•	Women and child abuse
	•	Abuse of elders
	•	Female Foeticide
	•	Commercial sex workers

	•	Food adulteration
	•	Substance abuse
	H. Util	ize community resources for self and family
		Trauma Services
		Old age homes
		Orphanage
		Homes for physically and mentally challenged individuals
		Homes for destitute
VI	Nation	al health and family welfare programmes and the role of a nurse
	(1)	National ARI programme
20	(2)	Revised National Tuberculosis Control programme (RNTCP)
hrs.	(3)	National Anti-Malaria programme
	(4)	National Filaria Control programme
	(5)	National Guinea worm eradication programme
	(6)	National Leprosy eradication programme
	(7)	National AIDS control programme
	(8)	STD control programme
	(9)	National programme for control of blindness
	(10) Iodine deficiency disorder programme
	(11) Expanded programme on immunization
	(12	National Family welfare programme- RCH programme historical
		development, organization, administration, research, constraints
	(13) National water supply and sanitation programme
	(14) Minimum Need programme
	(15	National Diabetics control programme
	(16) Polio Eradication: Pulse Polio Programme
	(17	National Cancer Control Programme
	(18	Yaws Eradication Programme
	(19) National Nutritional Anemia Prophylaxis programme
	(20) 20 point programme
	(21) ICDS programme
	(22) Mid-day meal applied nutritional programme
	(23) National mental heath programme

	Health schemes
	□ ESI
	□ CGHS
	☐ Health insurance
VII	Health Agencies
	International - WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, DANIDA,
5 hrs.	European Commission (EC), Red cross, USAID, UNESCO, Colombo Plan, ILO, Care
	etc.
	National - Indian Red cross, Indian Council for child welfare, family planning
	Association of India (FPAI), Tuberculosis Association of India. Hindu Kusht Nivaran
	Sangh, Central Social Welfare Board, All India women's conference, Blind
	Association of India etc.

Community Health Nursing – II Practical

Placements: Fourth year Time: Practical - 135 hrs.

Internship - 192 hrs.

Clinical Areas: Community health urban and rural centres.

Unit	Skills to be developed
I	Community health survey
	 Community diagnosis family care: Home adaptation of common procedures
1	Home visit: Bag technique
week	 Organize and conduct clinics antenatal, postnatal, well baby clinic, camps etc
Urban	• Screen manage and referrals for:
	☐ High risk mothers and neonates
	☐ Accidents and emergencies
4	☐ Illnesses: Physical and mental
week Rural	□ Disabilities
Kui ai	 Conduct delivery at centre/home: episiotomy and suturing
	Resuscitate newborn
	School health programme
	☐ Screen, manage, refer children
	☐ Collaborate with health and allied agencies
	 Train and supervise health workers
	 Provide family welfare services: insertion of IUD
	 Counsel and teach individuals, family and community about: HIV, TB, Diabetes, hypertension, Mental health, adolescents, elderly's health, physically and mentally challenged individuals etc
	 Collect and calculate vital health statistics
	Document and maintain
	☐ Individual, family and administrative records.
	☐ Write reports – center, diseases, national health programme/projects.

Internship: Time: 192 hrs (4 weeks)

Area	Duration	Objective	Skills to be developed	Assessment
Urban	4 weeks	Provide comprehensive care to individual, family and community	Integrated Practice and group project - I in each rural and urban	• Assess clinical performance with rating scale
				Evaluation of project

Note: During the rural posting they should stay in health centres uner the supervision of teachers.

Management of Nursing Services and Education

Placements: Fourth year Time: Theory - 90 hrs.

Course Description: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of management of clinical and community health nursing services, nursing educational programmes. This is also designed to enable students to acquire understanding of the professional responsibilities, prospects and contribution to the growth of the profession.

Unit	Content
I	Introduction to management in nursing
	Definition, concepts and theories
4 hrs.	Functions of management
(T)	Principles of management
	Role of nurse as a manager
II	Management process
5 hrs.	Planning; mission, philosophy, objectives, operational plan
(T)	Staffing: philosophy, staffing study, norms, activities, patient classification
	systems, scheduling.
	Human resource management; recruiting, selecting, deployment, retaining,
	promoting, super annuatation etc.
	Budgeting: concept, principles, types, cost benefit analysis, audit
	Material management: equipment and supplies
	Directing process (Leading)
	Controlling: Quality management
	Program Evaluation Review Technique (PERT), Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt Chart).

III	Manag	gement of nursing services in the hospital and Community
8 hrs.	•	Planning:
(T)		☐ Hospital and patient care units including ward management
		☐ Emergency and disaster management
20	•	Human resource management:
hrs.		☐ Recruiting, selecting, deployment, retaining, promoting, superannuation
(P)		etc.
		☐ Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels
		☐ Patient/population classification systems
		☐ Patients/ population assignment and nursing care responsibilities
		☐ Staff development and welfare
	•	Budgeting: proposal, projecting requirements for staff, equipments and supplies
		for -
		☐ Hospital and patient care units
		☐ Emergency and disaster management
	•	Material Management; procurement, inventory control, auditing and
		maintenance in -
		☐ Hospital and patient care units
		☐ Emergency and disaster management
	•	Directing and leading: delegation, participatory management -
		☐ Assignments, rotations, delegations
		☐ Supervision & guidance
		☐ Implement standards, policies, procedures and practices
		☐ Staff development and welfare
		☐ Maintenance of discipline
	•	Controlling/Evaluation:
		☐ Nursing Rounds/Visits, nursing protocols, manuals
		☐ Quality Assurance Model, documentation-
		☐ Records and reports performance appraisal
IV	Organ	izational behaviour and human relations
5 hrs.	•	Concepts and theories of organizational behaviours
	•	Review of Channels of Communication

	Leadership styles
	Review of Motivation; concepts and theories
	Group dynamics
	• Techniques of;
	☐ Communication; and
	☐ Interpersonal relationships
	☐ Human relations;
	Public relations in context of nursing
	Relations with professional associations and employee unions and Collective
	bargaining
V	In Service education
5 hrs.	Nature & scope of in-service education programme.
(T)	Organization of in-service education
5 hrs.	Principles of adult learning
(P)	Planning for in-service education program, techniques, methods & evaluation of
	staff education program,
	Preparation of report
VI	Management of nursing educational institutions
40	• Establishment of nursing educational institution – INC norms and guidelines
10 hrs.	Co-ordination with-
	☐ Regulatory bodies
	☐ Accreditation
	☐ Affiliation
	- Philosophy/objectives
	- Organization
	□ Structure
	☐ Committees
	- Physical facilities
	☐ College/School
	☐ Hostel
	- Students
	□ Selection
	☐ Selection ☐ Admission

	☐ Guidance and Counseling
	☐ Maintaining discipline
	- Faculty and staff
	☐ Selection
	☐ Recruitment
	☐ Job description
	☐ Placement
	☐ Performance appraisal
	☐ Development and welfare
	• Budgeting
	• Equipments and supplies: audiovisual equipments, laboratory equipment,
	books, journals etc.
	• Curriculum; Planning, implementation and evaluation,
	Clinical facilities
	Transport facilities
	• Institutional Records and reports – Administrative, faculty, staff and students
VII	Nursing as a profession
VII	Nursing as a profession • Nursing as a profession
10	
	Nursing as a profession
10	 Nursing as a profession Philosophy; nursing practice
10	 Nursing as a profession □ Philosophy; nursing practice □ Aims and objectives
10	 Nursing as a profession □ Philosophy; nursing practice □ Aims and objectives □ Characteristics of a professional nurse
10	 Nursing as a profession □ Philosophy; nursing practice □ Aims and objectives □ Characteristics of a professional nurse □ Regulatory bodies; INC, SNC Acts:- constitution, functions
10	 Nursing as a profession Philosophy; nursing practice Aims and objectives Characteristics of a professional nurse Regulatory bodies; INC, SNC Acts:- constitution, functions Current trends and issues in nursing
10	 Nursing as a profession Philosophy; nursing practice Aims and objectives Characteristics of a professional nurse Regulatory bodies; INC, SNC Acts:- constitution, functions Current trends and issues in nursing Professional ethics
10	 Nursing as a profession Philosophy; nursing practice Aims and objectives Characteristics of a professional nurse Regulatory bodies; INC, SNC Acts:- constitution, functions Current trends and issues in nursing Professional ethics Code of ethics; INC, ICN
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VIII	Professional Advancement:
2.1	Continuing education
3 hrs.	Career Opportunities
	Collective bargaining
	Membership with professional organizations; National and International
	Participation in research activities
	Publications; Journals, Newspapers etc.